

On-Orbit Geolocation Accuracy and Image Quality Performance of the GeoEye-1 High Resolution Imaging Satellite

David Mulawa, Ph.D.

Kevin Kohm

Nancy Podger, Ph.D.

Preston Mattox

JACIE 2010

Fairfax, VA





High definition image available at
www.GeoEye.com

Fairfax, VA
GeoEye-1 Image Acquired Oct. 21, 2009

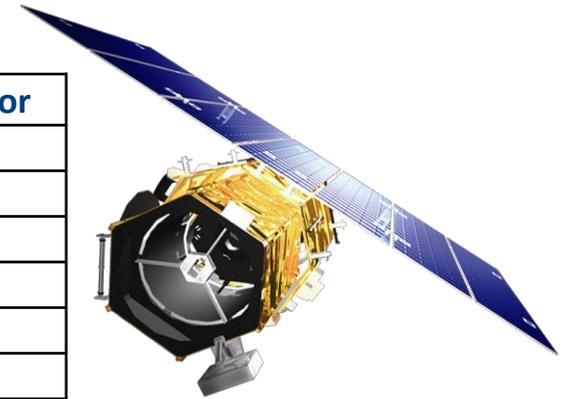
GeoEye-1 Orbit Characteristics



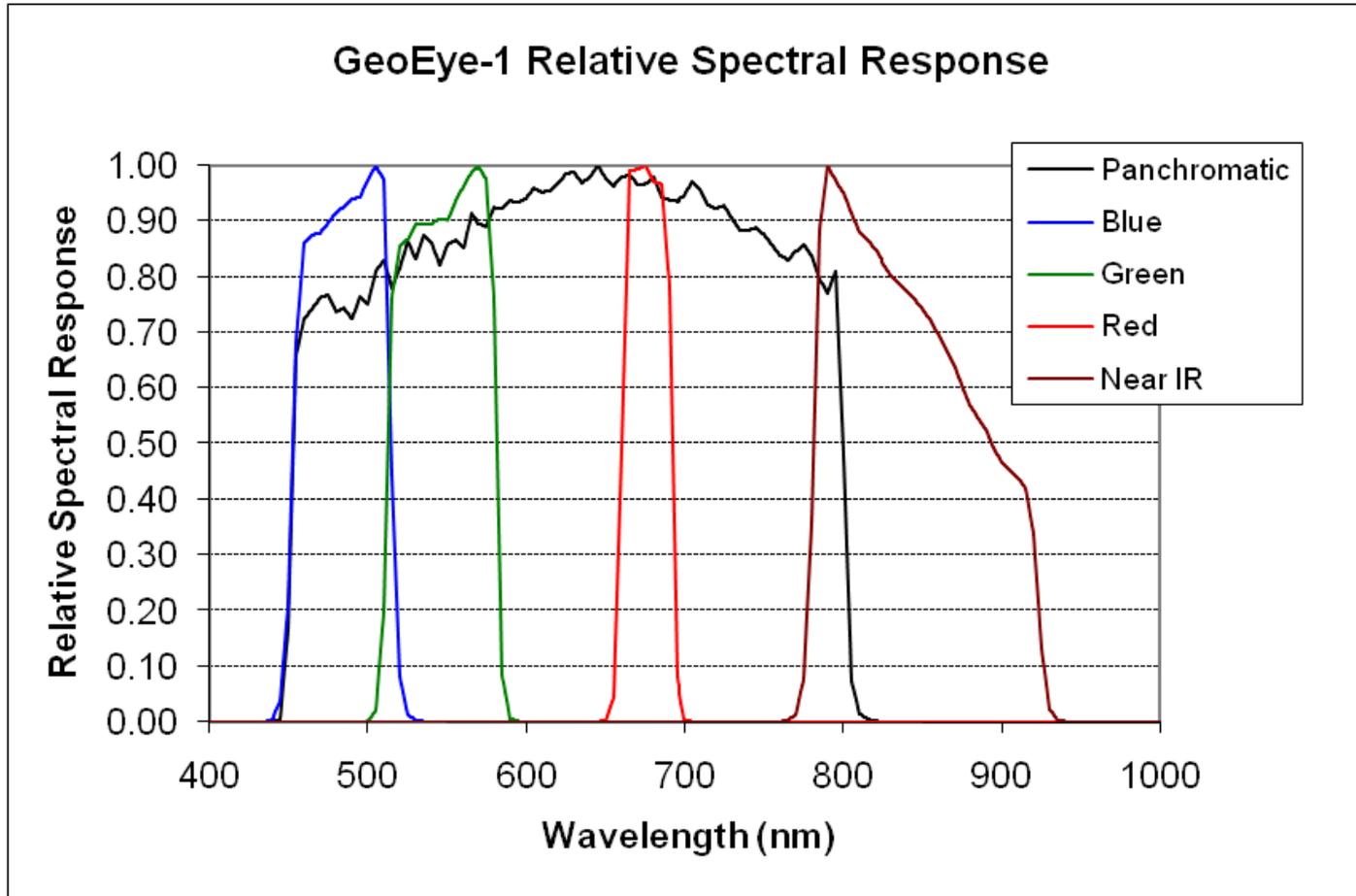
Launch Date	September 6, 2008
Orbit Type	Sun Synchronous
Altitude	681 km
Inclination Angle	98°
Descending Node	10:30am
Revisit Period	3 days

GeoEye-1 Sensor Characteristics

Imaging Feature	Panchromatic Sensor	Multispectral Sensor
Ground Sample Distance (nadir)	0.41m	1.65m
Array Type	Linear 64 stage TDI	Linear 24 stage TDI
Directionality	Bi-directional	Uni-directional
Spectral Range	450 – 800 nm	Blue: 450 – 510 nm
		Green: 510 – 580 nm
		Red: 655 – 690 nm
		Near IR: 780 – 920 nm
Pixel Size	8 μ m	32 μ m
Stages of TDI	8, 16, 32, 48, 64	3, 6, 10, 14, 18, 21, 24
Pixel Aggregation	1x1, 2x2	1x1, 2x2
Imaging Pixels	37,544	9386
Line Rates	20,000 and 10,000 lines / sec	2,500 lines / sec
Quantization Level	11 bits per pixel	11 bits per pixel per channel
On-board Compression	Visually lossless at 2.5 bpp	Visually lossless at 2.5 bpp per channel



Spectral Response

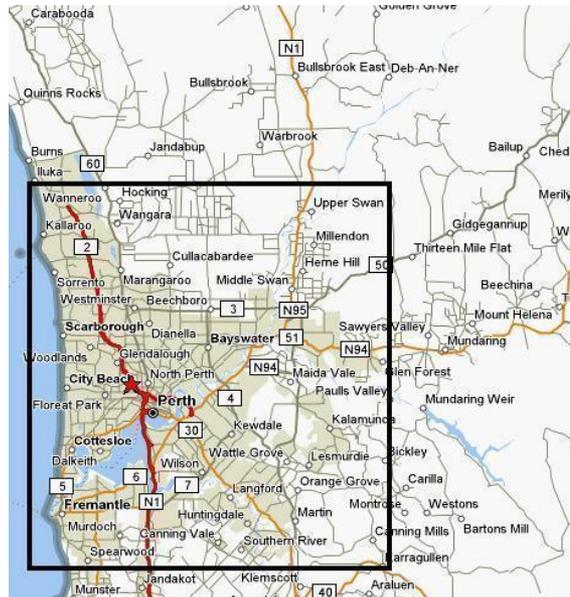


Geometric Calibration Ranges



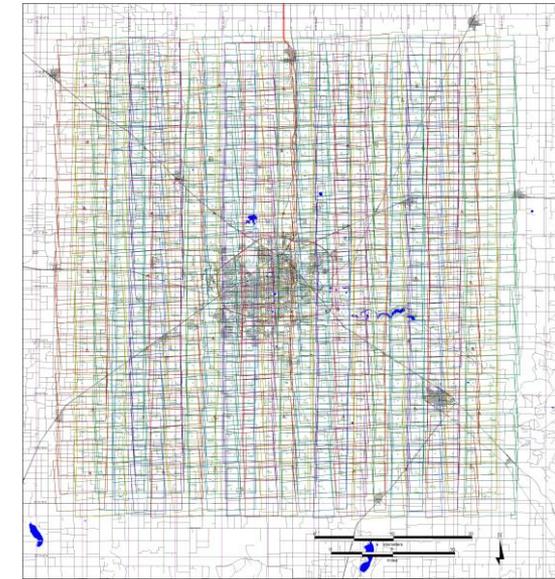
Phoenix, AZ

Primary Calibration Range
 Primary Characterization Range
 115km x 50km extent
 1:12,000 aerial photography
 98 Geodetic Control Points
 0.12m nominal GSD



Perth, Australia

Primary Calibration Range
 Secondary Characterization Range
 50km x 50km extent
 1:15,000 aerial photography
 49 Geodetic Control Points
 0.25m nominal GSD



Lubbock, TX

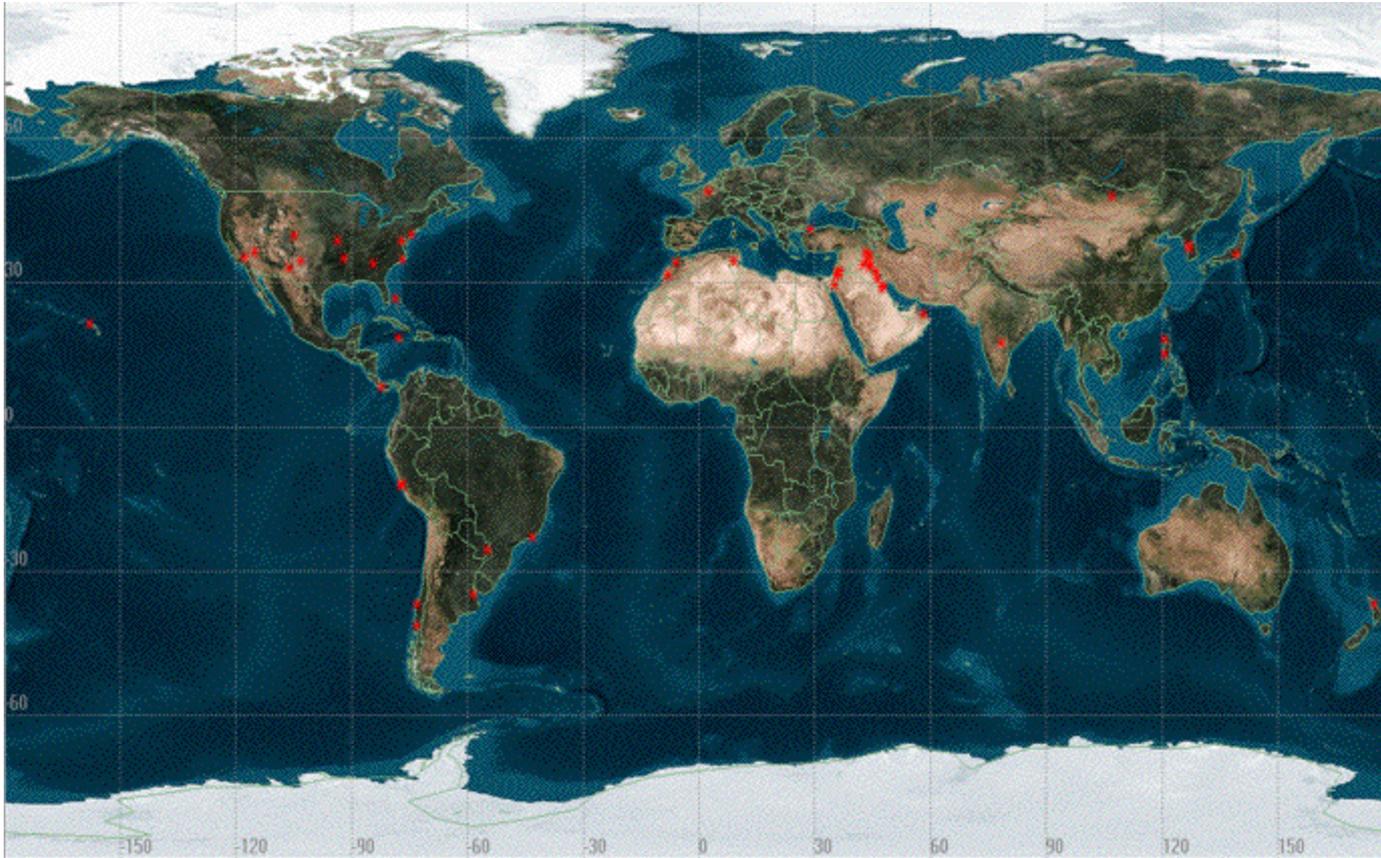
Secondary Calibration Range
 50km x 50km extent
 1:25,000 aerial photography
 48 Geodetic Control Points
 0.38m nominal GSD



JACIE Conference 2010

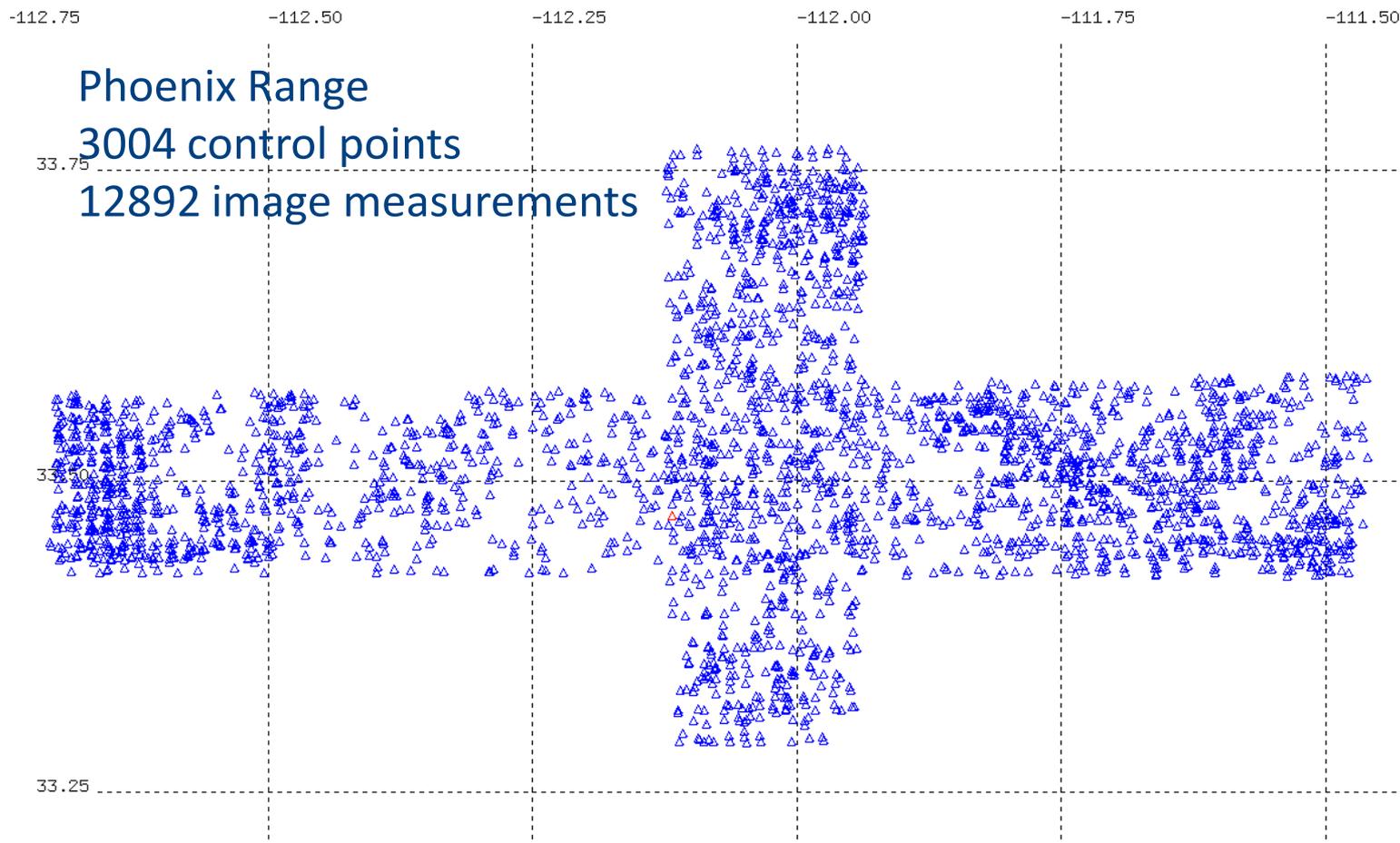
Geometric Test & Evaluation Sites

- World wide distribution of T&E sites



Control Point Generation for Field Angle Map

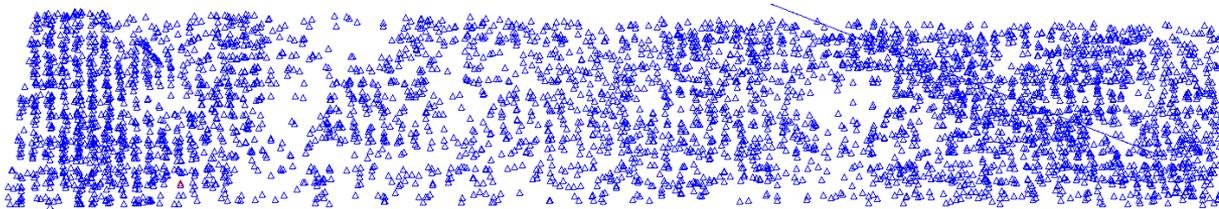
2009 Jan



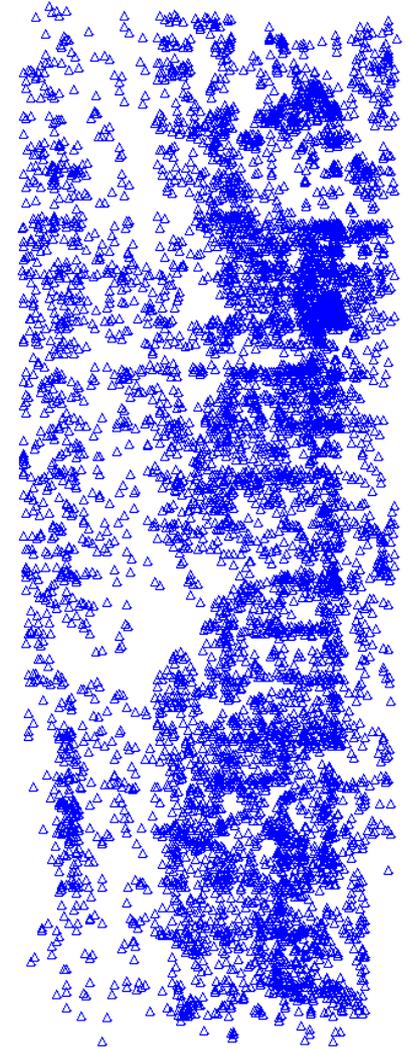
Control Point Generation for Field Angle Map

2009 March

11533 control points
47030 image measurements



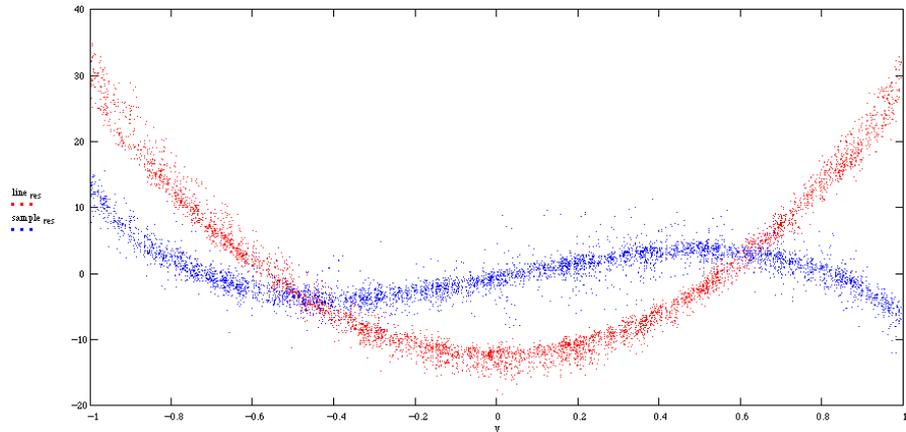
Phoenix Range



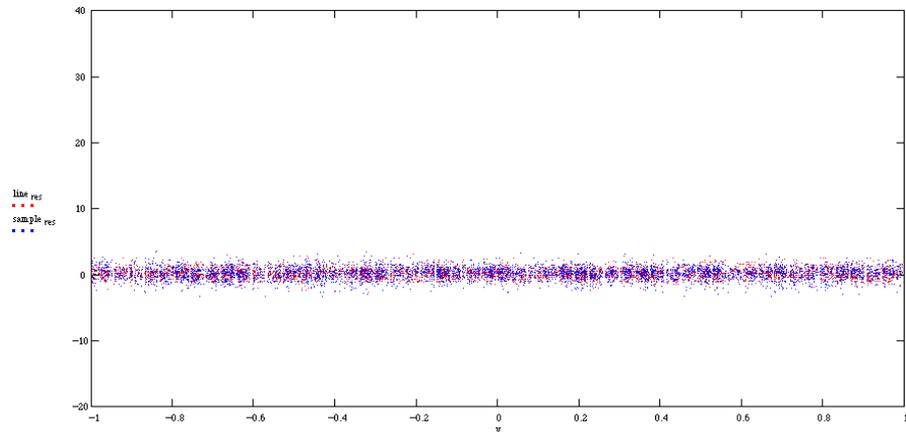
Perth Range

Field Angle Map Calibration

- Image residuals before calibration



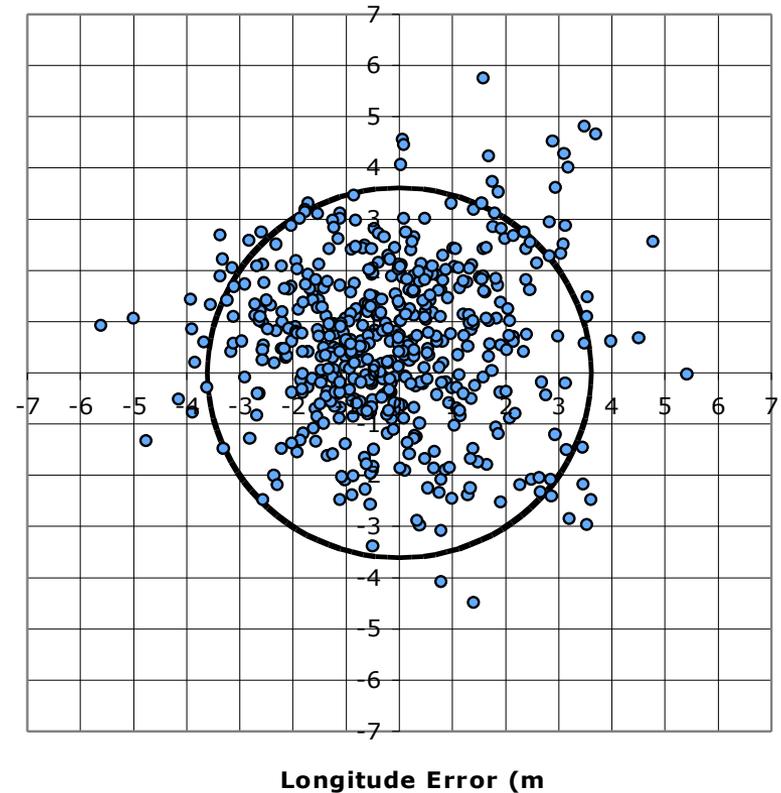
- Image residuals after on-orbit calibration



Absolute Monoscopic Geolocation Accuracy

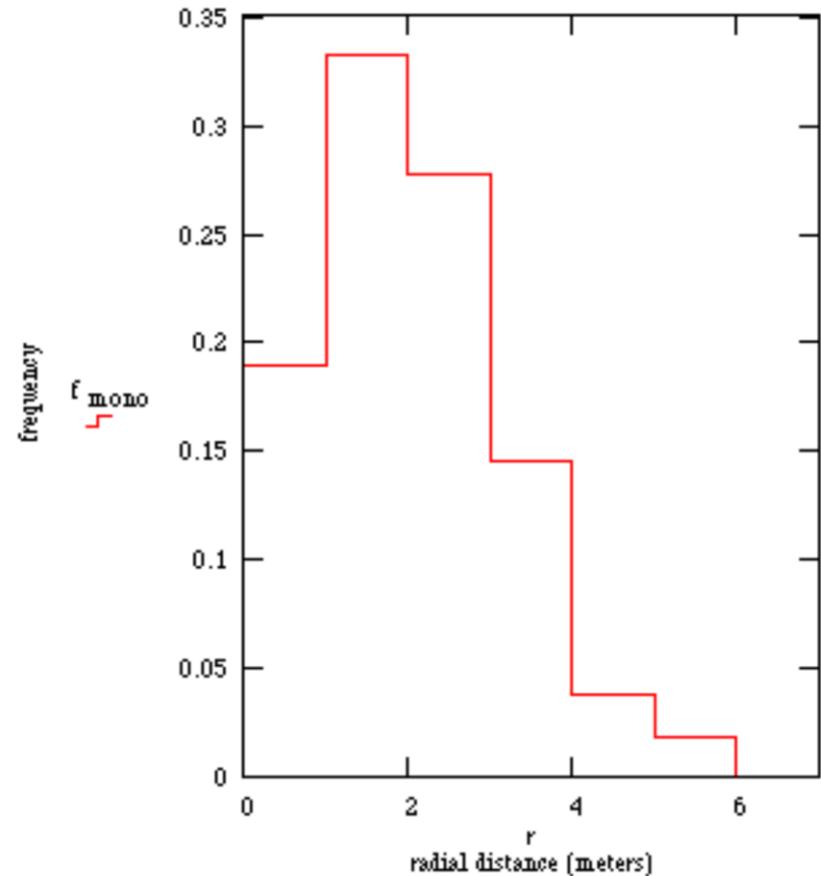
- Based on rigorous (physical) model
- World wide distribution of T&E sites
- Sample of 530 images
- 90th percentile (CE90) = 3.6 m
- Mean errors
 - lat error = 0.6 m
 - long error = -0.2 m

**Monoscopic Geopositioning Errors
Image Means
Imagery from 2009 Feb to 2009 Dec**



Absolute Monoscopic Geolocation Accuracy

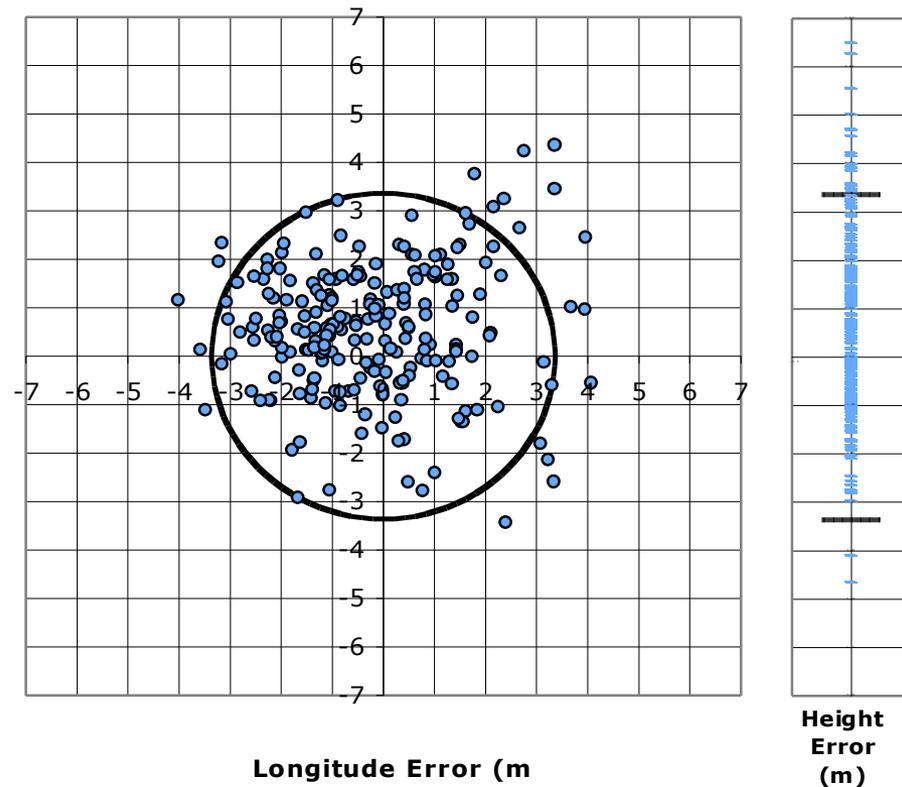
- Histogram of radial error
- 90th percentile (CE90) = 3.6 m
- 2 meters is at 52%
- 5 meters is at 98%
- 6 meters is at 100%



Absolute Stereoscopic Geolocation Accuracy

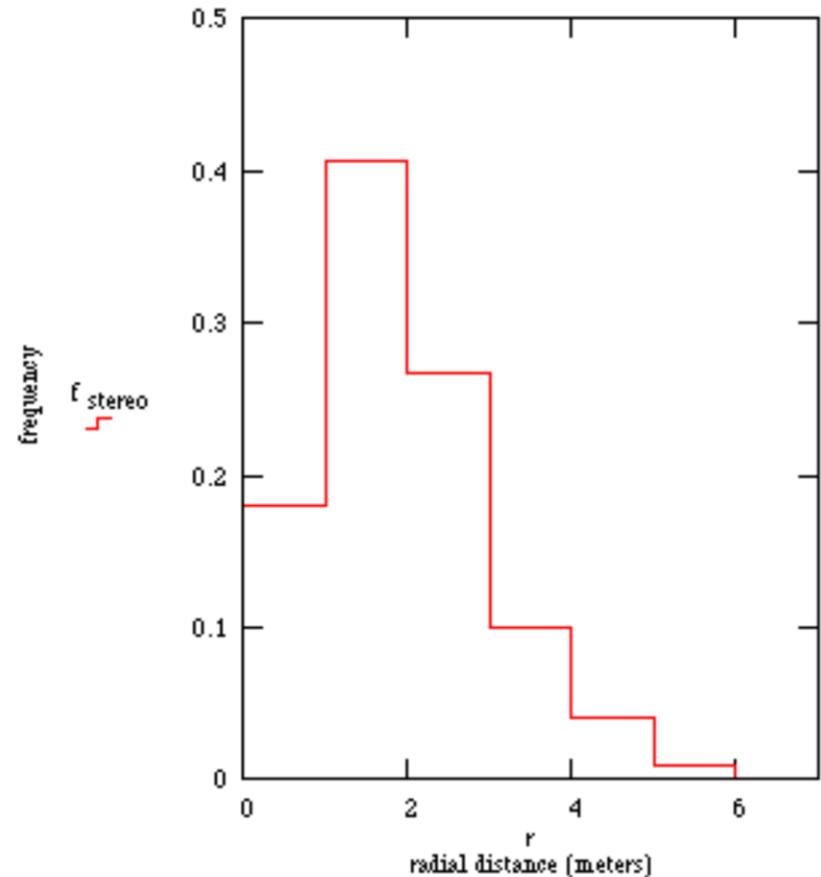
- Based on rigorous (physical) model
- Direct positioning
 - no adjustment of imagery
- Sample of 222 stereo pairs
- 90th percentile
 - horizontal error (CE90) = 3.4 meters
 - vertical error (LE90) = 3.2 meters
- Mean errors
 - lat error = 0.5 m
 - long error = -0.2 m
 - height error = 0.6 m

Stereo Geopositioning Errors
Stereo Pair Means
Imagery from 2009 Feb to 2009 Dec



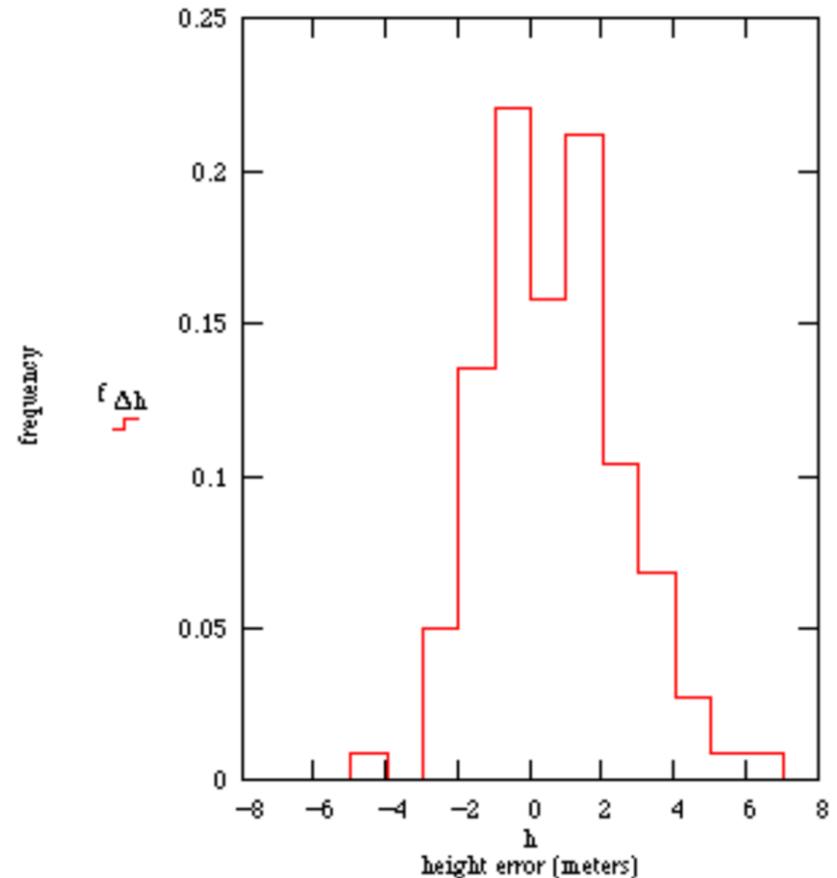
Absolute Stereoscopic Geolocation Accuracy

- Histogram of radial error
- 90th percentile (CE90) = 3.4 m
- 2 meters is at 58%
- 5 meters is at 99%
- 6 meters is at 100%



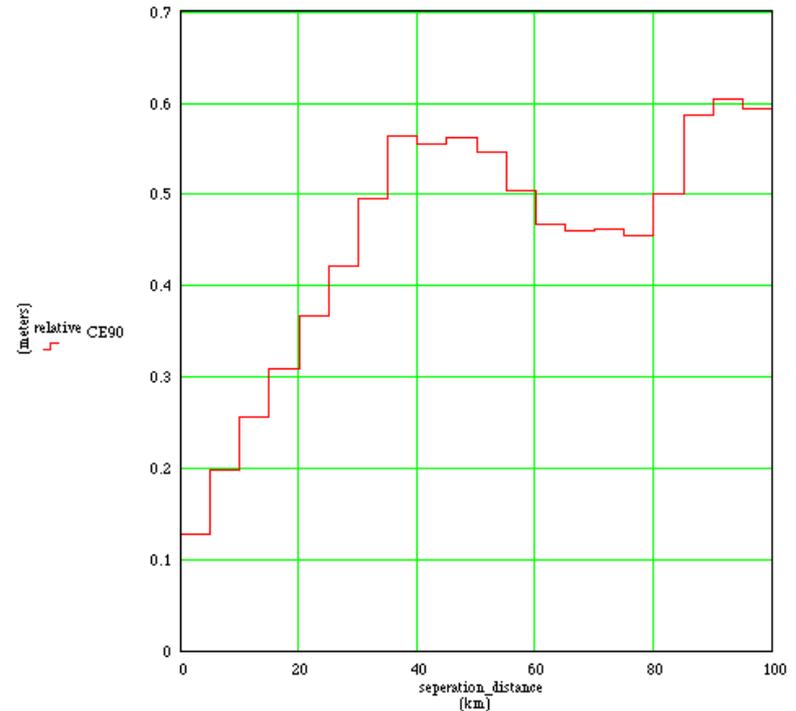
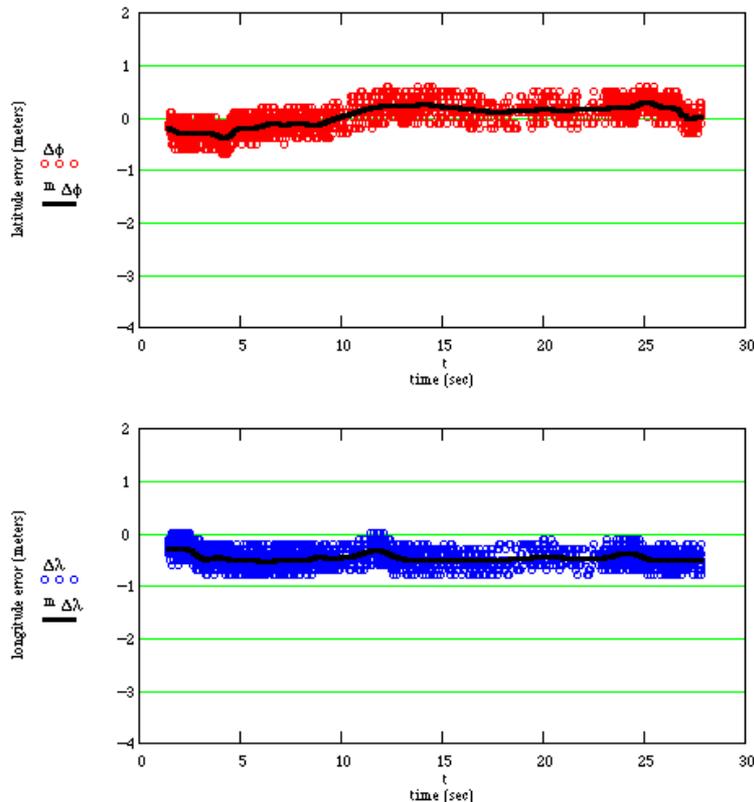
Absolute Stereoscopic Geolocation Accuracy

- Histogram of vertical error
- 90th percentile (CE90) = 3.2 m
- +/- 2 meters is at 73%
- +/- 5 meters is at 98%
- +/- 6 meters is at 99%



Relative Monoscopic Geolocation Accuracy

- Phoenix Range 2009-07-07 1st image
 - 3326 points



Relative Monoscopic Geolocation Accuracy

Relative CE90 given in distance bins: 0-5km, 5-10km, 10-15km, ..., 95-100km, ...

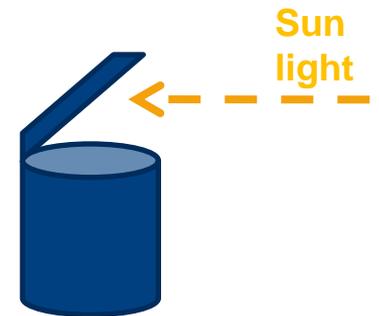
090707_phoenix_1st	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6
090707_phoenix_2nd	0.3	0.4	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.1	1.0
090710_perth_1st	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6											
090710_perth_2nd	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6											
090713_perth_1st	0.2	0.4	0.6	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.0											
090713_perth_2nd	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4											
090715_phoenix_1st	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.1
090718_phoenix_1st	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.6
090718_phoenix_2nd	0.2	0.3	0.5	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	1.0	1.0
090724_perth_1st	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.3											
090724_perth_2nd	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8											
090729_perth_1st	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.7											
090729_perth_2nd	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.3											
090804_perth_1st	0.2	0.3	0.3																		
090804_perth_2nd	0.1	0.1	0.1																		
090804_perth_3rd	0.2	0.3	0.2																		
090804_perth_4th	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2																	
090817_phoenix_1st	0.2	0.4	0.5	0.7	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.7	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.9	1.0	1.0
090817_phoenix_2nd	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.9	0.9	0.8	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.1
090820_phoenix_1st	0.2	0.3	0.5	0.6	0.8	0.9	1.0	0.8	0.9	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.8	1.0	1.1	1.1
090820_phoenix_2nd	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.3
090826_perth_1st	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4																
090826_perth_2nd	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.7																
090831_perth_1st	0.2	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.0											
090831_perth_2nd	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.8	1.1											
090922_perth_1st	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7												
090922_perth_2nd	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2											
090925_perth_2nd	0.3	0.3	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.6	0.6												
091003_perth_1st	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.8	0.8	0.7	0.8												
091003_perth_2nd	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.6												
091014_perth_1st	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.2												
091014_perth_2nd	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3												
091017_perth_1st	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3												
091017_perth_2nd	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.2												
091025_perth_1st	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.7												
091025_perth_2nd	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9												
091105_phoenix_1st	0.2	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.8	0.9	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.3	1.5	1.5	1.7						
091105_phoenix_2nd	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.8	0.7						
091116_perth_1st	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.7																
091116_perth_2nd	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.6																
091127_perth_1st	0.3	0.3	0.5	0.6	0.6																
091127_perth_2nd	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4																
091202_phoenix_1st	0.2	0.2	0.4	0.4	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.4	1.3
091224_phoenix_1st	0.2	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4
091227_perth_1st	0.2	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7																
091227_perth_2nd	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.5																
mean	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.1
separation distance	0 km					25 km					50 km							75 km			100 km

Absolute Radiometry Calibration

- Current coefficients are based on NIST- traceable pre-launch measurements.
 - Convert DN to $\text{mW}/(\text{cm}^2\text{-str-mm})$
 - Scale factors vary by camera setting (line rate and TDI)
 - Scale factors are contained in metadata delivered with the image products

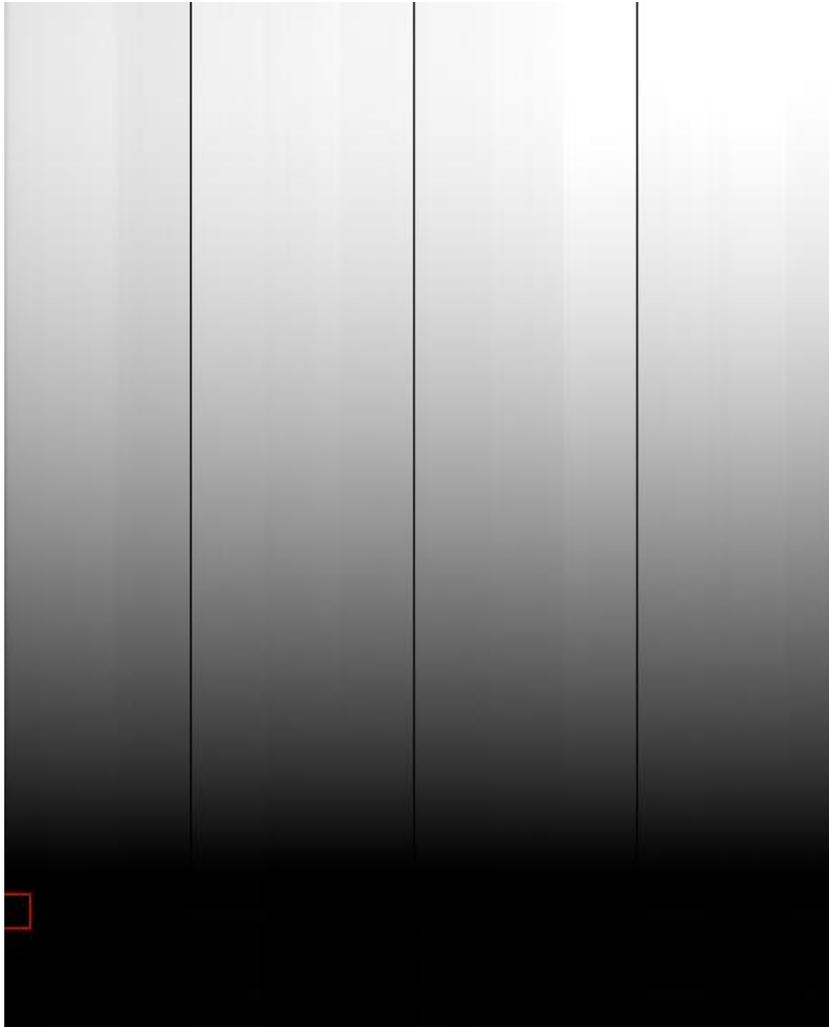
Relative Radiometric Calibration

- Purpose: Detector equalization to reduce pixel-to-pixel and chip-to-chip-variations
 - Dark current subtraction
 - Gain correction
- Calibration data acquired from imaging the door to the sensor.
 - Door opens or closes to allow illumination through the dynamic range of sensor.
 - Camera door has been painted to produce a diffuse surface over the spectral range
 - Calibration data is collected in numerous imaging modes.



Relative Radiometric Calibration Data

Example of calibration data - door closing



Example of calibration before and after the data is corrected.



GeoEye-1 Flat-Field Imagery Pre-Correction



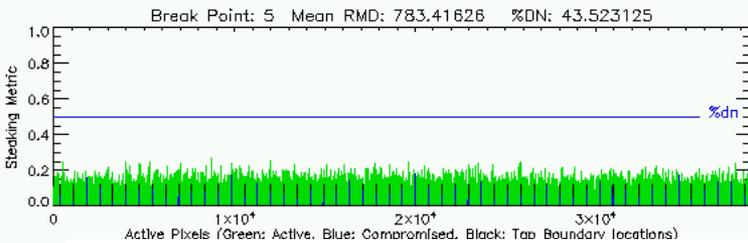
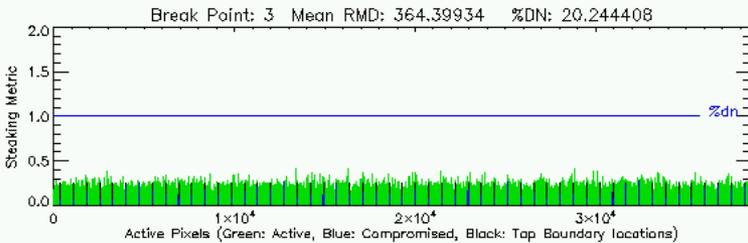
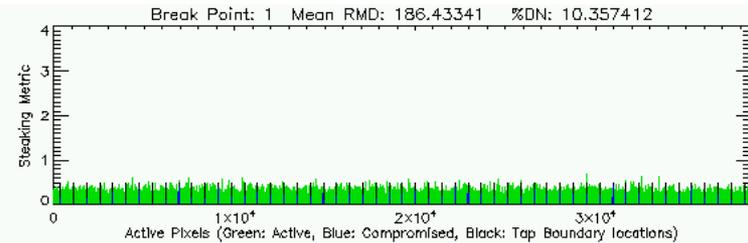
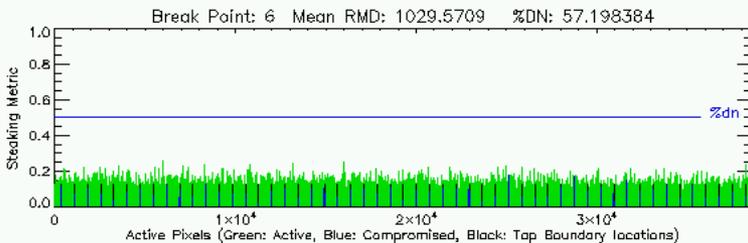
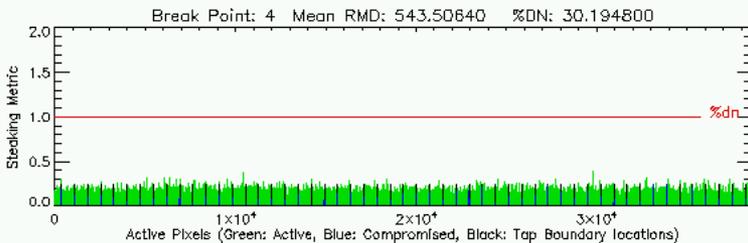
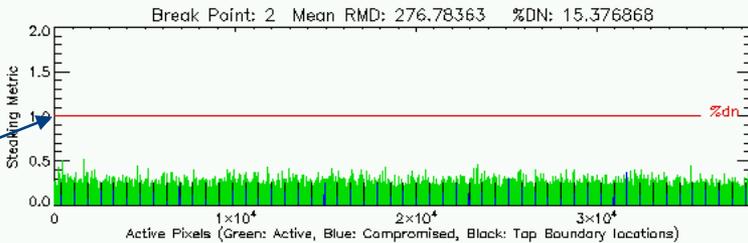
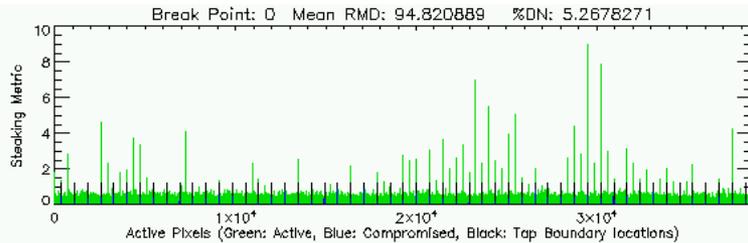
GeoEye-1 Flat-Field Imagery Post-Correction

Relative Radiometric Calibration

- Calibration data are calculated and analyzed routinely every 4-6 months.
- Metrics are run on calibrated data to assess success of calibration.
 - Streaking metrics measure pixel to pixel variation
 - Banding metrics measure chip to chip variation
 - Streaking and banding metrics are collected across the focal plane and through the dynamic range.
- Calibrations have shown consistent results through time.

Representative Streaking Metrics

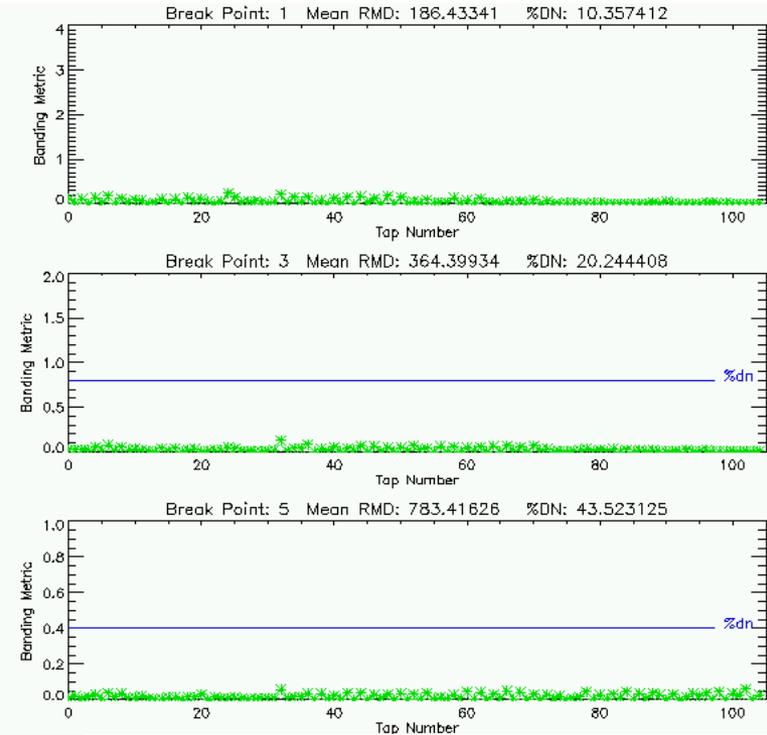
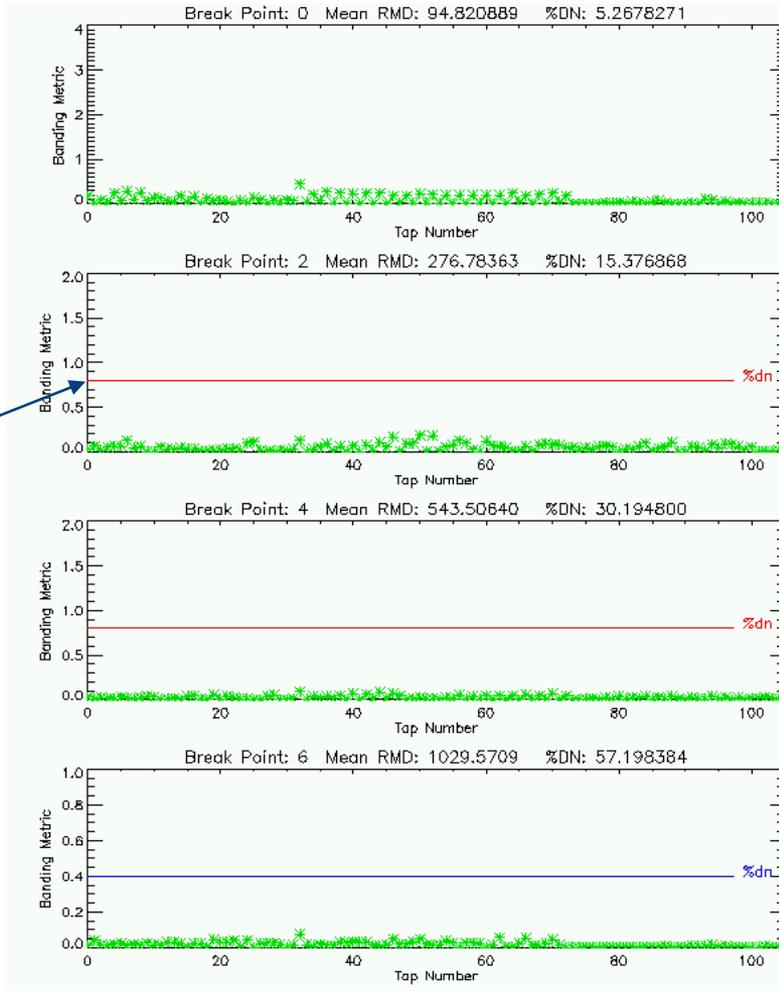
Spec/Requirement



Panchromatic 20,000 lps
 1x1 Aggregation
 32 TDI
 Forward Scan

Representative Banding Metrics

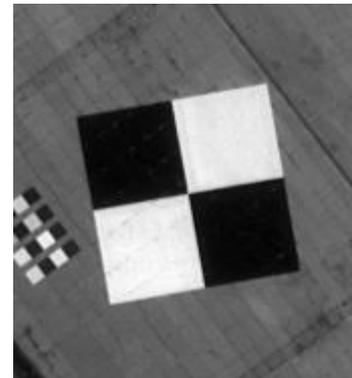
Spec/Requirement



Panchromatic 20,000 Ips
 1x1 Aggregation
 32 TDI
 Forward Scan

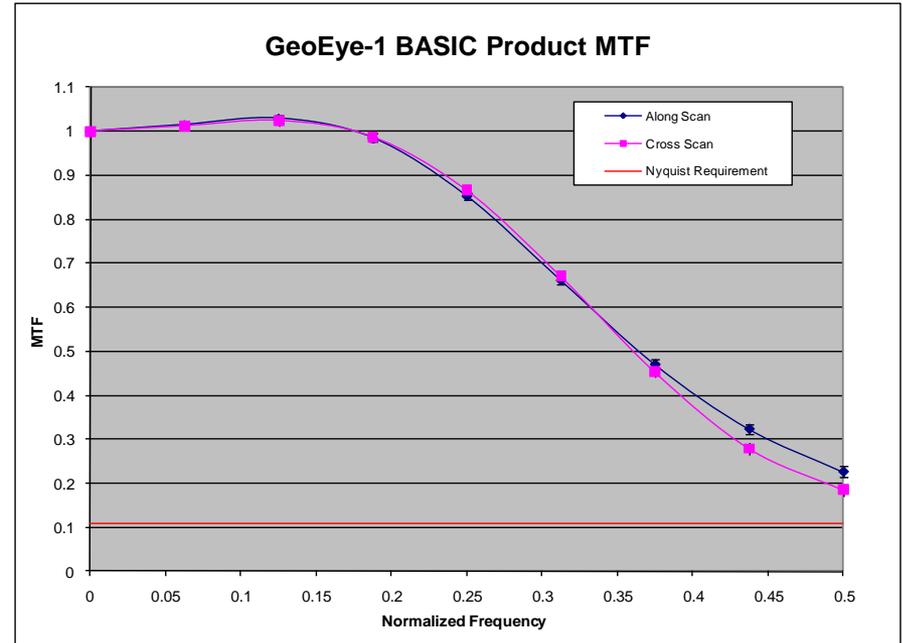
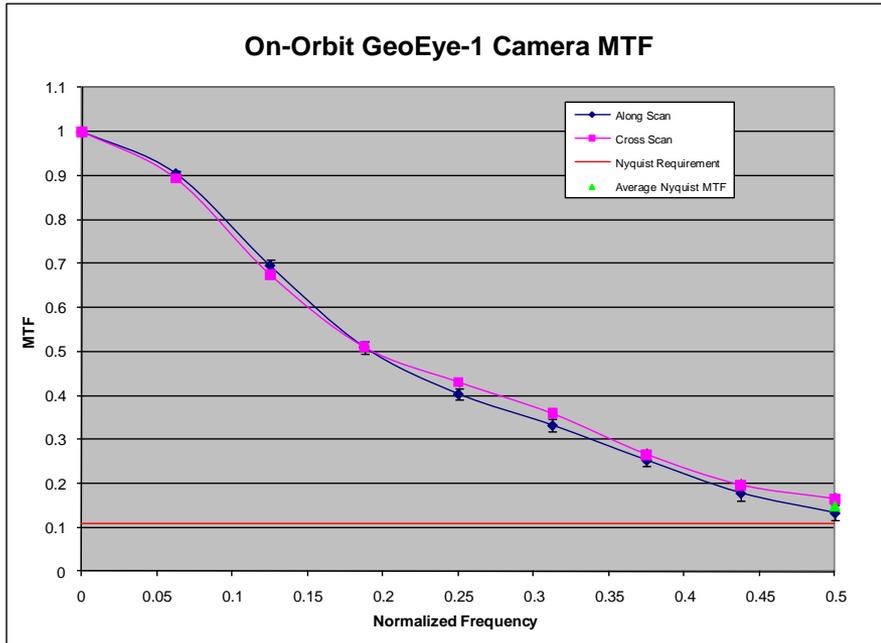
Modulation Transfer Function (MTF)

- MTF is a measure of system sharpness
- Measured on-orbit by analyzing high-contrast edges
- Calculated for along-scan and cross-scan orientations
- Measured at the camera level and after ground processing



GeoEye-1 Image of
Big Spring MTF target

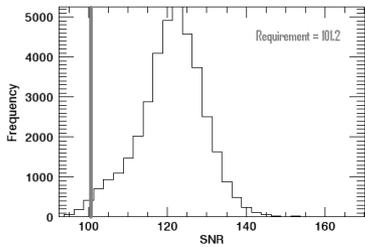
On-Orbit MTF Measurements



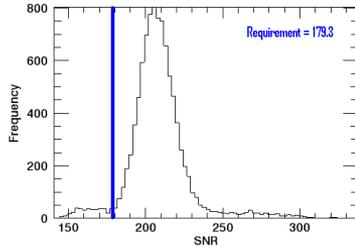
Parameter		Measurement
Camera Level 1x1 aggregation	Along Scan	0.13 +/- 0.01
	Cross Scan	0.16 +/- 0.01
Product Level 1x1 aggregation	Along Scan	0.23 +/- 0.01
	Cross Scan	0.19 +/- 0.01

On-Orbit SNR Measurement

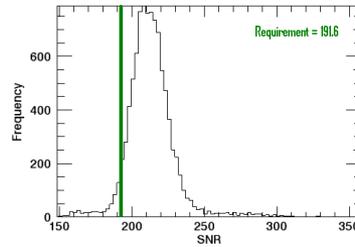
- SNR is a measure of camera noise
- Measured by analyzing flat-field imagery
- SNR is specified at lowest TDI and 15% well fill



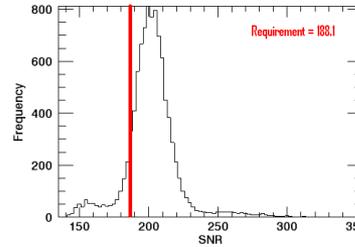
**Pan Band: 1x1 agg,
8 TDI, Reverse Array**



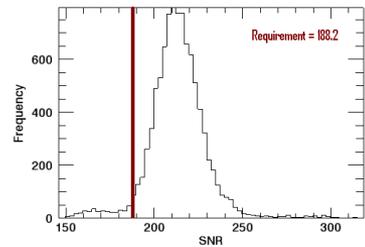
**Blue Band: 1x1 agg,
3 TDI, Reverse Array**



**Green Band: 1x1 agg,
3 TDI, Reverse Array**



**Red Band: 1x1 agg,
3 TDI, Reverse Array**



**Near IR Band: 1x1 agg,
3 TDI, Reverse Array**

Band	Mean Well Fill (%)	SNR Requirement (Scaled to well fill)	SNR Mean
Pan	15.02	101.2	122.5
Blue	14.88	179.3	204.8
Green	15.39	191.6	206.4
Red	14.44	188.1	195.4
NIR	15.31	188.2	210.2

Summary



- GeoEye-1 has been operational for one year
- System produces high quality, accurate imagery
- Calibration and characterization are done throughout the mission

Acknowledgements

- The following GeoEye employees contributed to the technical analysis presented
 - Aaron Cole
 - Robert Arnold
 - Kevin Harrison