

Big Data—No Problem

Big Analytics in a Secure Environment—Problem

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Agenda

- Background
- Defining the Problem
- Quick Overview of the Cyber Threat Landscape
- Addressing the Challenges
- Example Solution
- Next Steps
- Q&A.

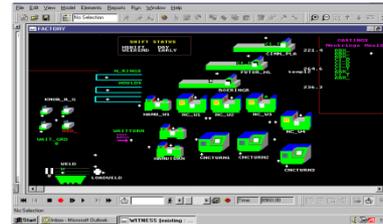
BACKGROUND

Quick reminder as to what constitutes HPC...

- Numerical Intensive:



- Modeling, Simulation & Analytics:



- Data Intensive:



- Collaborative Decision Support:



- Graphics Intensive:

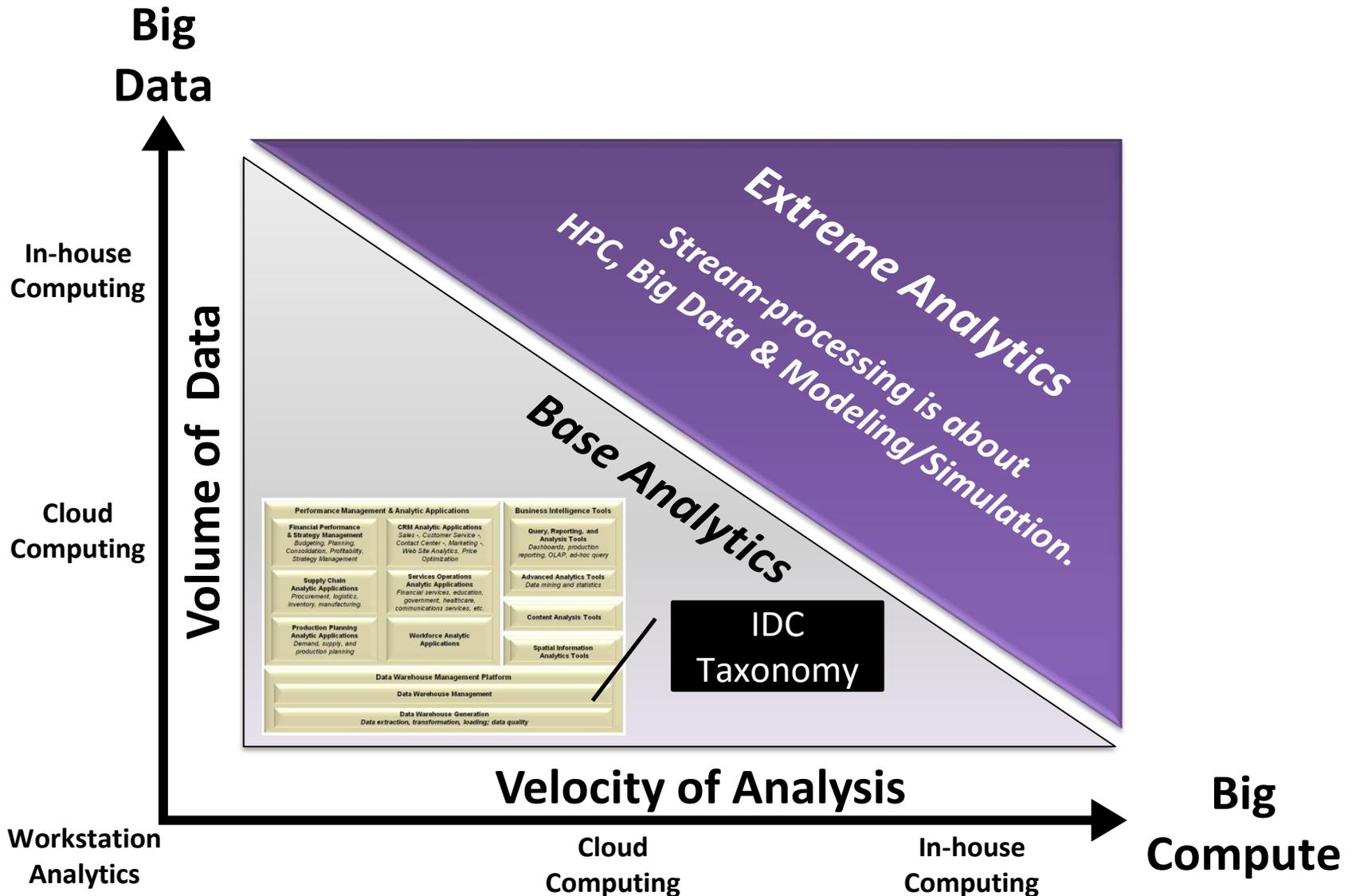


Do this all in (near) Real-Time.

“Big data starts a little ***BIT*** at a time.”

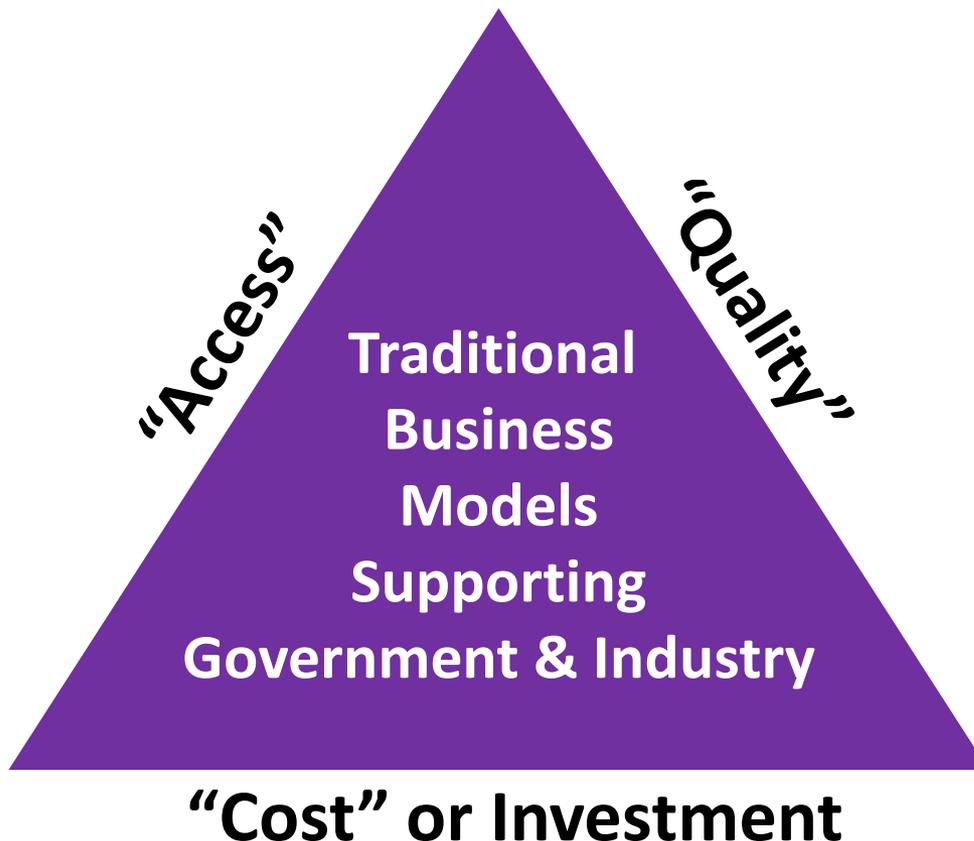
“Big Data is like teenage sex:
everyone talks about it, nobody really
knows how to do it, everyone thinks
everyone else is doing it, so everyone
claims they are doing it.”

Mapping to the HPC Cloud



DEFINING THE PROBLEM (HIGH LEVEL)

Zeroing in on the Problem: The Iron Triangle



Outmoded Business Model

- Assumption is that quality, exclusivity and expense correlate to an outcome.
- It is futile to think that current business models can ever extend beyond the “elite” and those with means.
- Fuels endless debates, bureaucracy, funding, standards, etc.

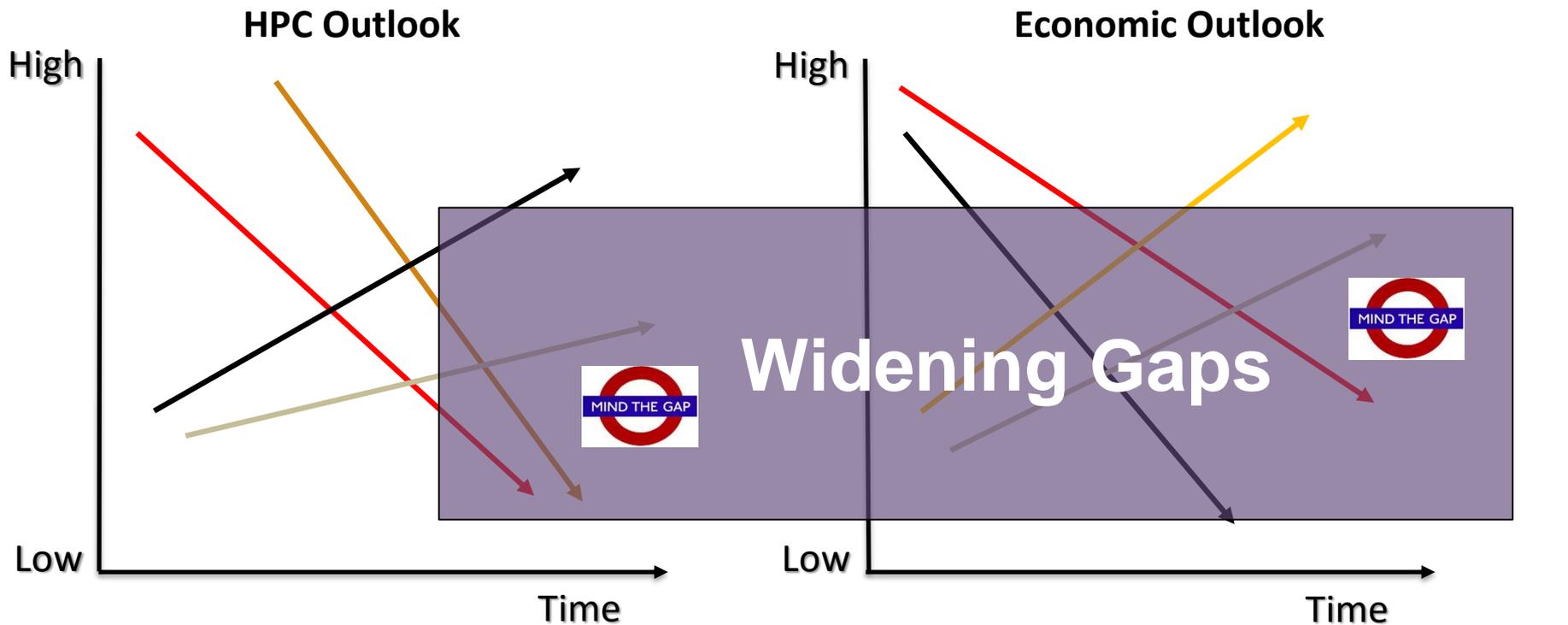
Access = Security, On demand (Cloud), ISV-enabled or Licensable Applications, Network Capacity, ...

Quality = Expertise, Cultural Inertia, Politics, Client’s Time Availability, Trust, ...

Zeroing in on the Problem: Missing Middle



Macro Economics Perspective



- Raw Performance
- Applicable HPC Domains
- Utilization
- Skills (wetware)

- Hardware Costs
- Software Costs
- Demands, Time Sensitivity, Pressures
- Effective Use of Industry Skills

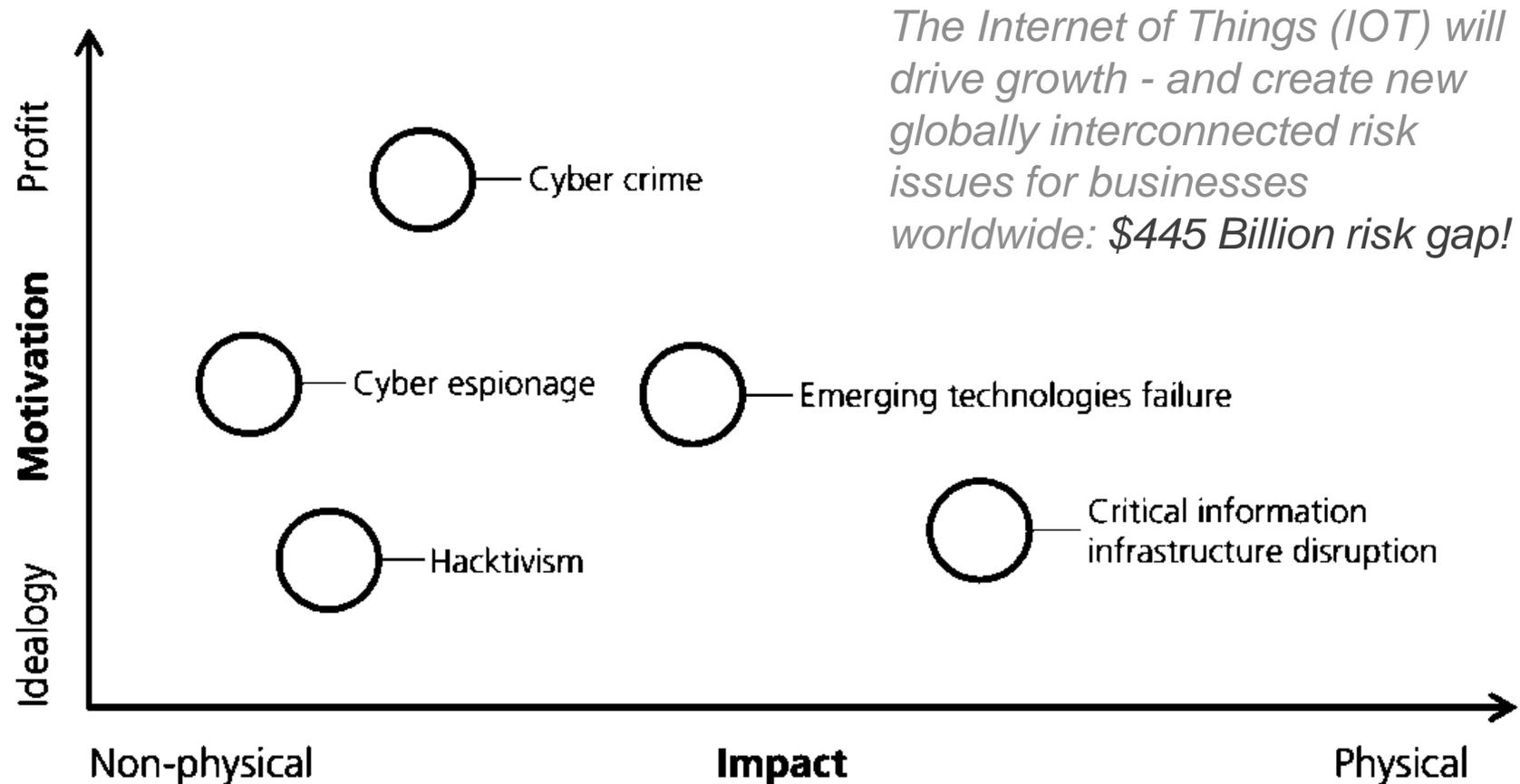
CYBER THREAT LANDSCAPE

“We have entered the era of the
Cyber Arms Race”



Focus is increasingly shifting
from defense to resilience.”

Cyber Risk Landscape by Motivation & Impact



Source: ESADEgeo.

Quick Overview of the Cyber Threat Landscape

The Security Triad, known as **CIA** consist of

- **Confidentiality:**
 - Addresses how secret the information is.
 - If someone obtains the information, the confidentiality has been compromised.
 - Locked doors, fences, and guards can be used to keep physical structures secure.
 - Passwords, encryption, and firewalls can be used to secure computer systems and networks.
- **Integrity:**
 - Addresses the correctness of the data.
 - Data must be protected both while in storage and in transmit.
 - If data has been modified while in storage or in transmission, the integrity has been compromised.
- **Availability:**
 - Data should be available when the user needs it.
 - Employing a backup strategy and disaster recovery plan ensures data is always available.

Common Modes of Hacking

- Internal penetration
- External penetration
- Information gathering
- Networks
- Application
- Workflow
- Denial-of-Service
- Physical security
- Authentication systems
- Database, Data Lakes
- Stolen equipment
- Social “re-engineering”

Attack Methodology or Vector

- Performing reconnaissance
- Scanning and enumeration
- Gaining access
- Escalation of privilege
- Maintaining access
- Covering tracks and placing backdoors.

ADDRESSING THE CHALLENGES

A Solution: MORE Opportunity™

(Maximizing and Optimizing Research and Educational Opportunity)

Agility

(The “New Capability”)

Wide Scalability

Break free from
the Iron Triangle
by applying a new
business model as
an active, working
Public-Private
Partnership.

Focus on Underserved

Affordability

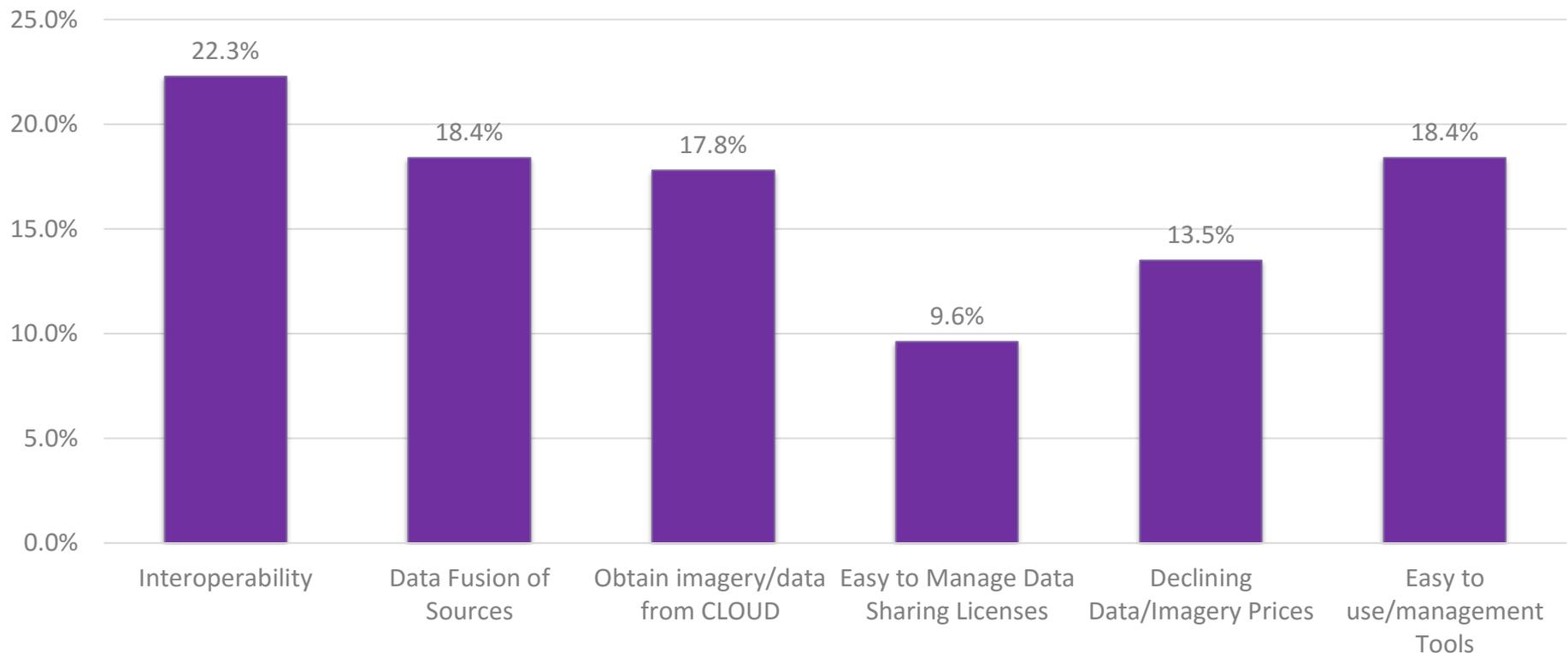
Mission: MORE Opportunity™

- Give underserved groups access to the HPC Cloud & Model as a Service
- Team with institutions, tribal groups, labs, businesses & communities in R&D
- Solve real-world problems building technical skills to secure the *Workforce of the Future.*

Market Dynamics: Addressing Agility

Trends Impacting Use & Management of Imagery

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Addressing the Challenges

- Continued Commoditization of Geo Data / Imagery / Tools and New Entrants Globally
- Provider must still focus on Targeted Marketing and Establishing a Channel to the Customer
- Investments on the Rise for Small Sat Hardware, Including Launch Capabilities and Automated Geo Tools - Predictive & Algorithmic Analytics.

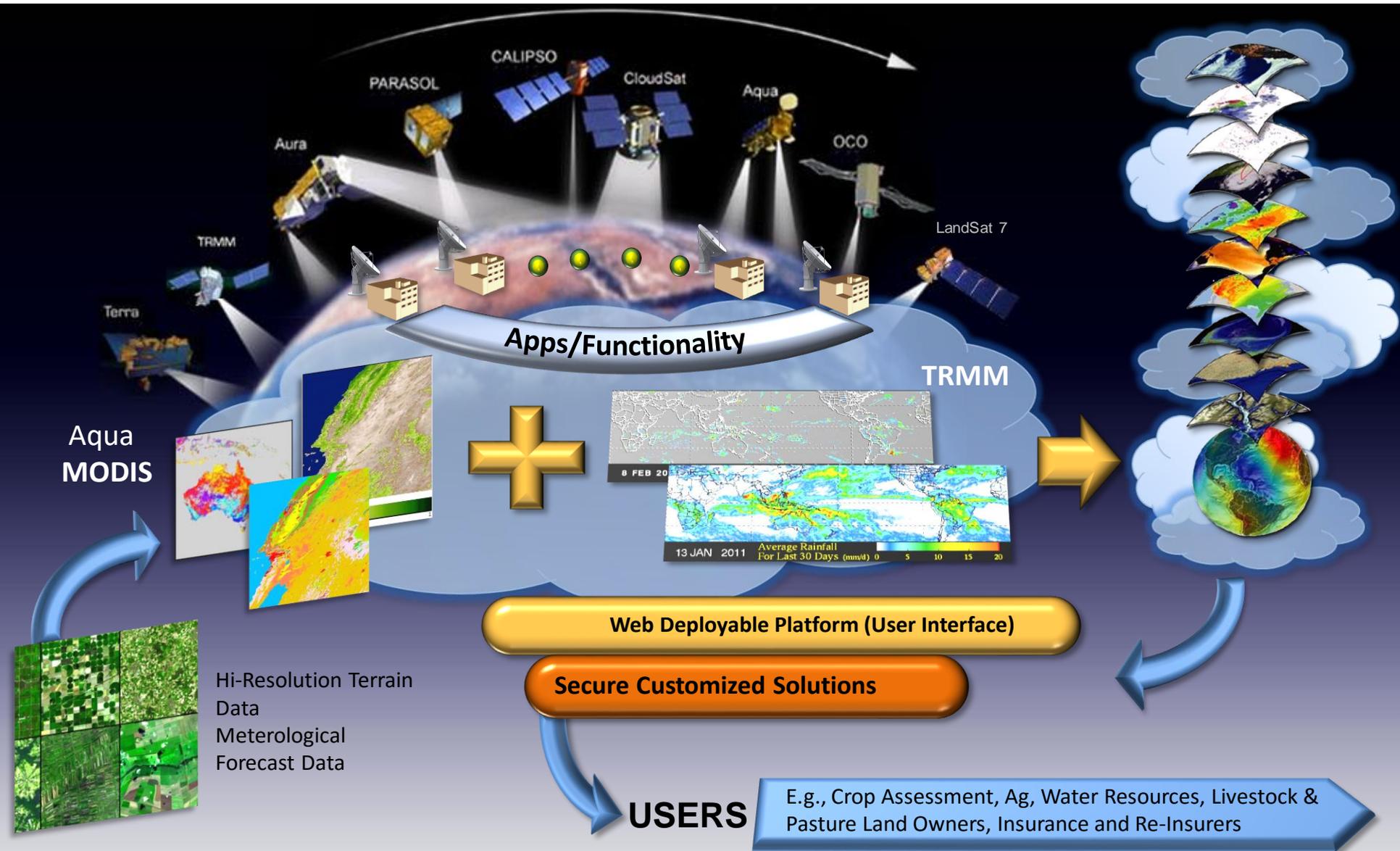
Key Barriers to Success

- Tools and templates for managing risk in the transition from digitization to the digital workflow
- Expertise and knowledge using scalable systems (human tools)
- Creation of digital models (software tools)
- Cost – not the primary obstacle any longer!

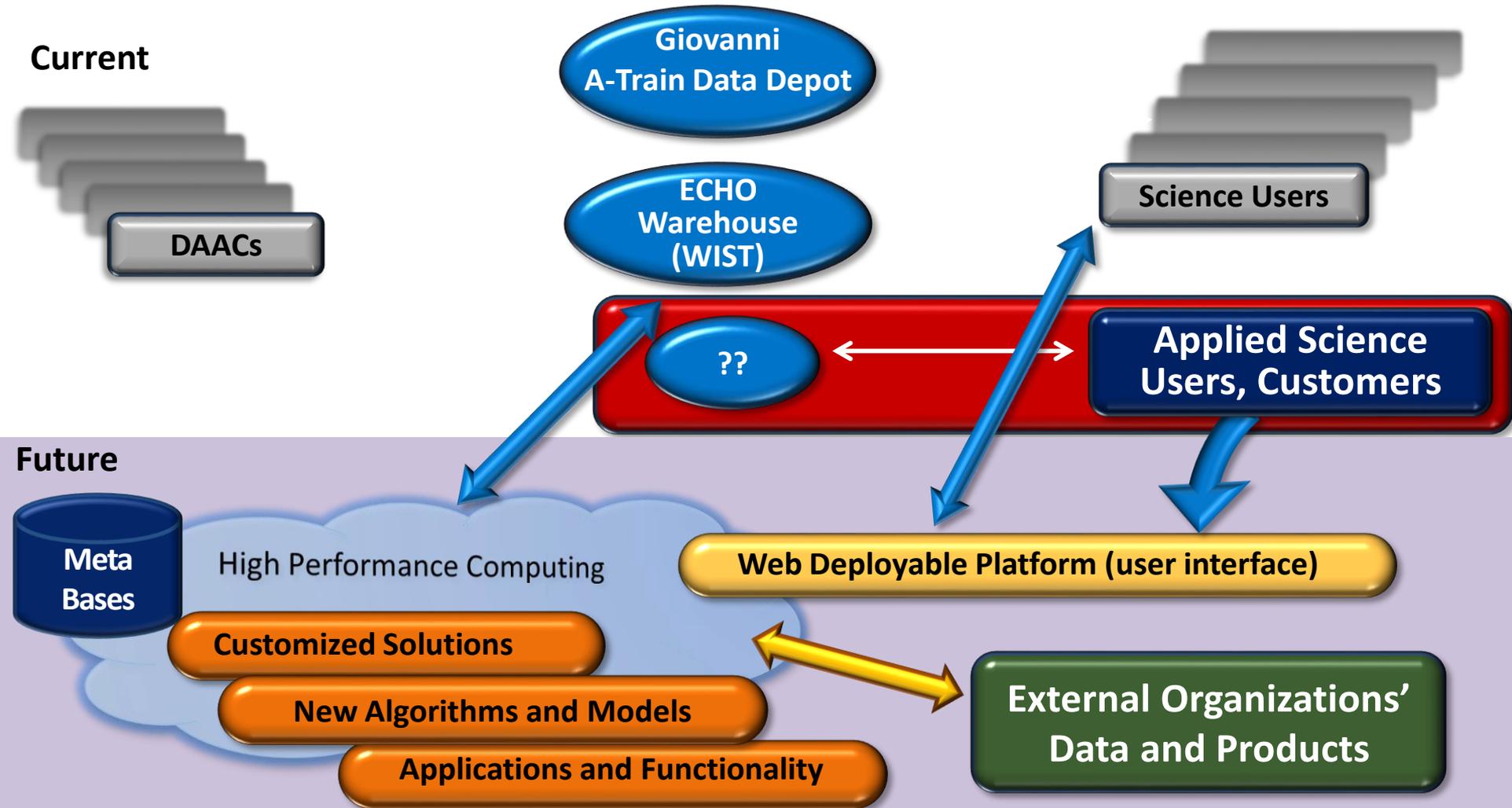
Next Steps...

- Accelerate the collaboration among public and private partnerships that are needed to securely deliver agile market solutions for actionable situational intelligence
 - Develop modeling and simulation talent within the workforce
 - Promote successful risk-mitigation strategies
 - Bring together tools makers with small- and medium-sized enterprises
 - Facilitate creation of complete, scalable solutions.

DEPLOYED SOLUTION (EXAMPLE)



Leveraging Existing Data Repositories, Access & Tools



IN CONCLUSION ...

Discovery, Access & Retrieval for the Underserved

- Make Remote Sensing and Geospatial Information Systems data readily discoverable, accessible, visualized and useable
- Provide Modeling as a Service (MaaS)
- Scalable-up for a wide, varied and growing consumers (informed and uninformed users)
- Deploy systems without the need to know the existence of, or necessity of, the data and models they need to solve their geospatial and temporal problems.



спасибо
 danke 謝謝
 ngiyabonga
 teşekkür ederim
 dank je
 gracias
 tapadh leat
 bedankt
 hvala
 maururu
 mochchakkeram
 dziękuję
 thank you
 go raibh maith agat
 sagolun
 sukriya kop khun krap
 arigatō takk dakujem
 obrigado
 terima kasih
 감사합니다
 ευχαριστώ
 merci

Presented by ...

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Presentation Abstract

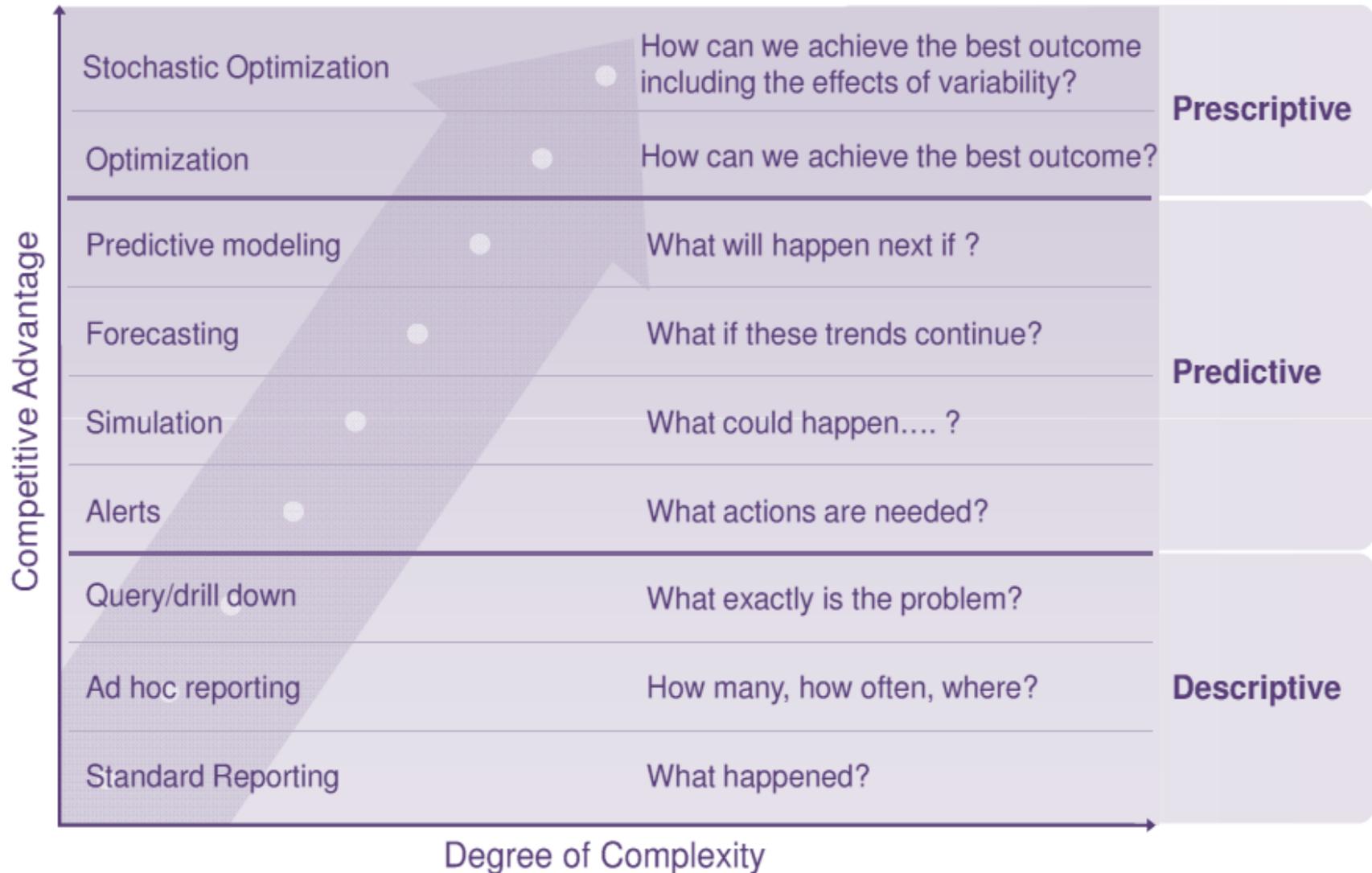
16.040 Big Data - No Problem; Big Analysis in a Secure Environment – Problem

Shawana Johnson¹, Earl J Dodd²

¹Global Marketing Insights, Inc., ²Ideas and Machines

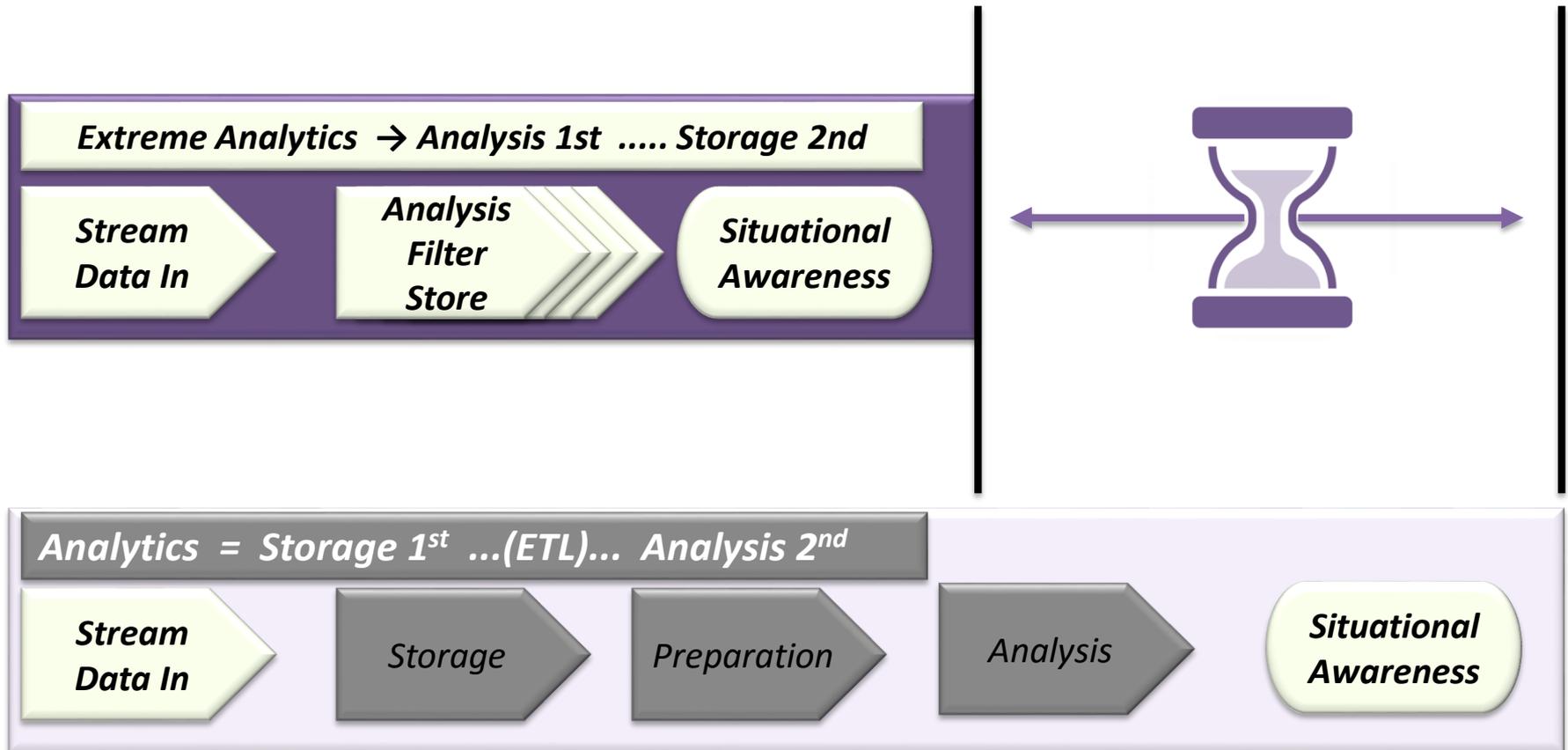
An organization's ability to execute its critical responsibilities depends on the confidentiality, integrity and availability of secure facilities and computer systems, data and workflows that support its mission ALONG WITH the methods to analyze that data. Modern methods for the identification of cyber threats increasingly involve techniques featuring cross-analysis of data coming from several different sources-and these techniques further increase the need for big compute capacity which is secure. How can organization's leverage the emergence of the tangible need for excellent analysis tools, big or high compute power and big data to perform the large number of "analysis methods and security checks" required in an extremely short time" and what are the economic benefits and costs of this analysis. This becomes increasingly difficult with the multiple geospatial data sets available as the "skies continue to darken" with data from small sats and unmanned imagers. This presentation will provide an overview of the multiple methods and ways in which the US government and the commercial market space are focusing on this challenge.

Model-driving, Stream-processing Analytics

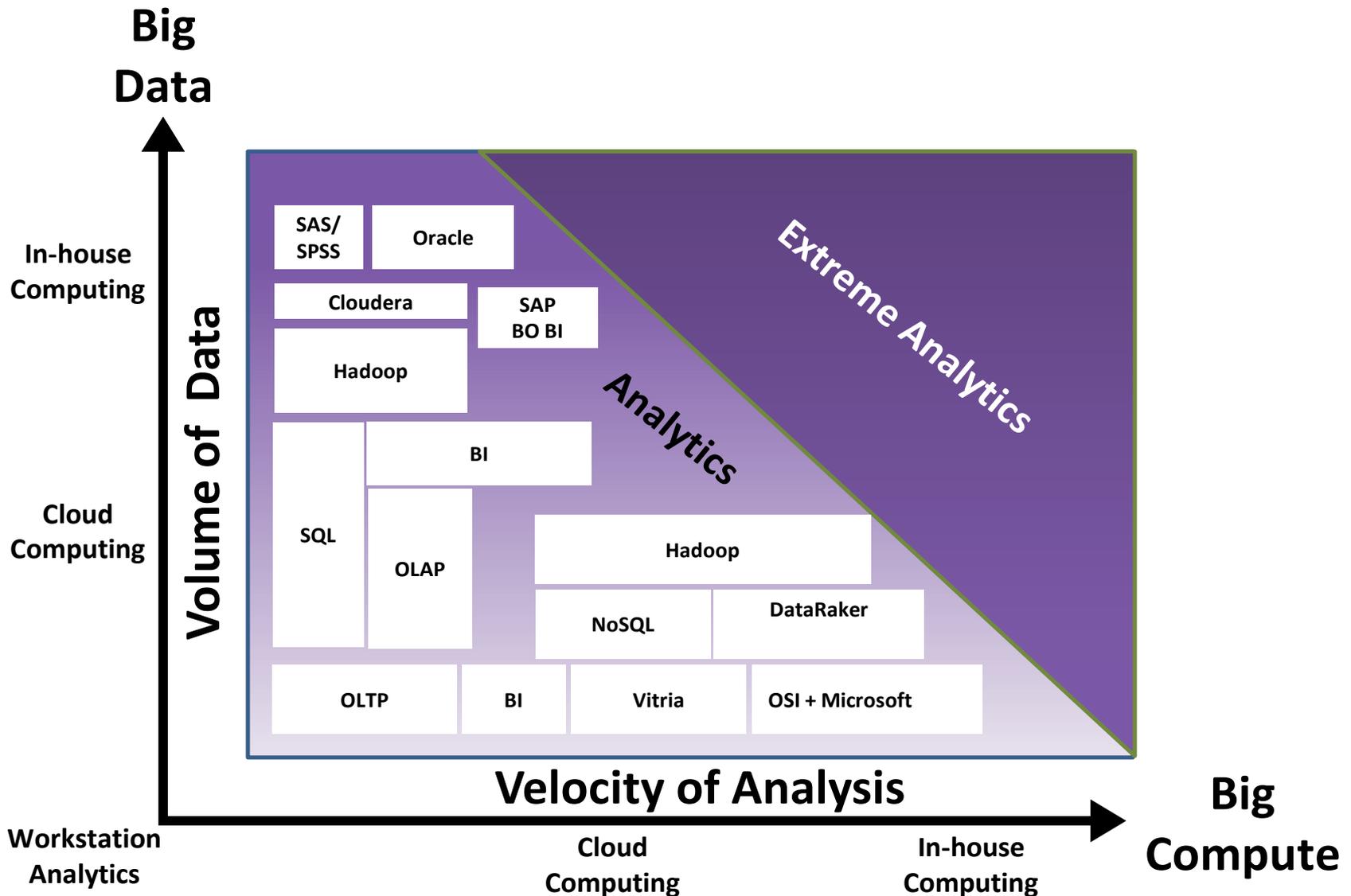


Source: Competing on Analytics, Davenport and Harris, 2007.

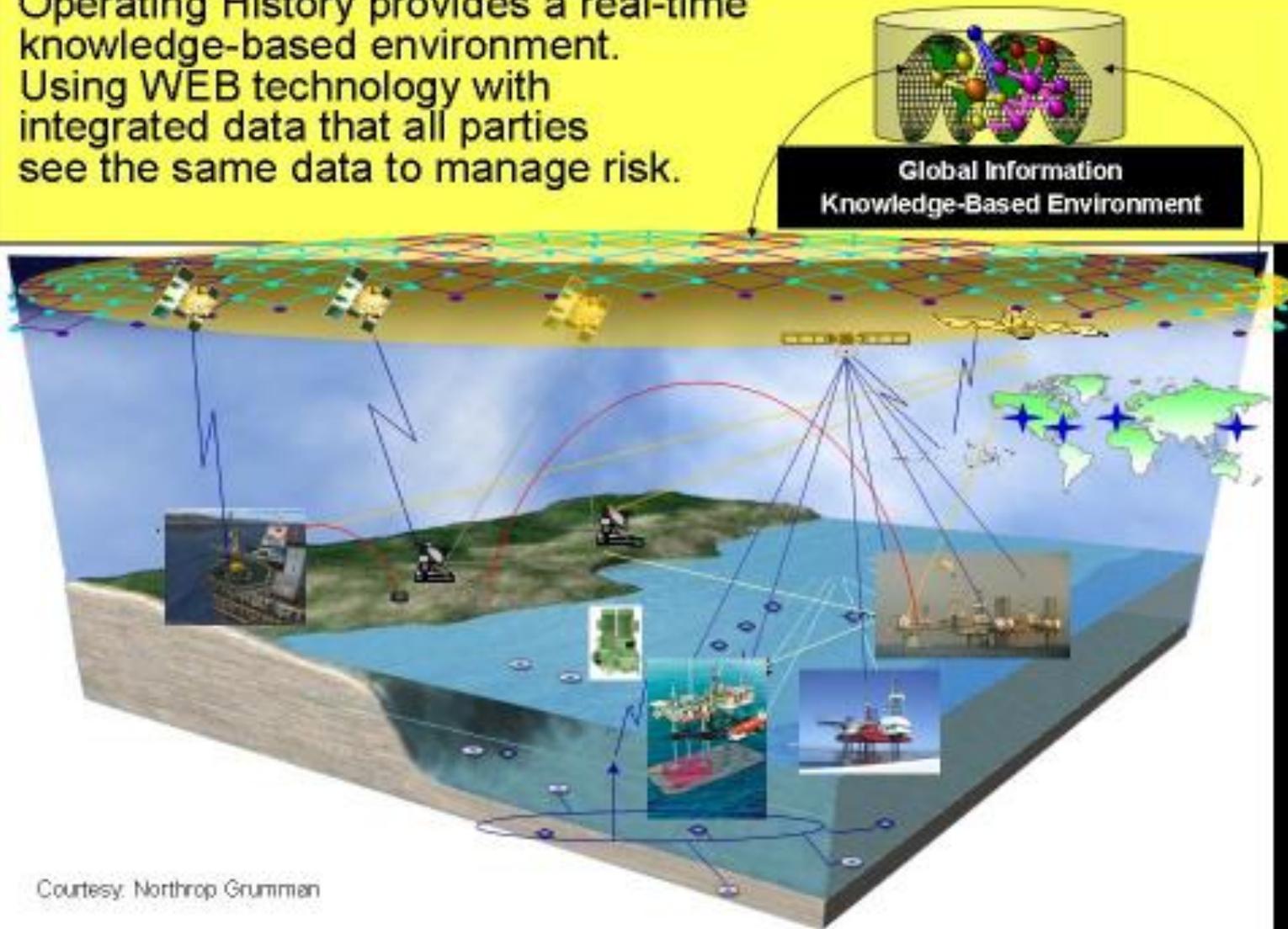
Analytics: At Rest vs. In Motion



Mapping to the HPC Cloud



Operating History provides a real-time knowledge-based environment. Using WEB technology with integrated data that all parties see the same data to manage risk.



Courtesy: Northrop Grumman

Drive ease-of-use and
open access...
Not just secure access.