

A CONSTANT $67 \mu R$ RESOLUTION, FIVE FRAMES PER SECOND CAMERA, SCALABLE FROM 4 MP TO $> 1 \text{ GP}$

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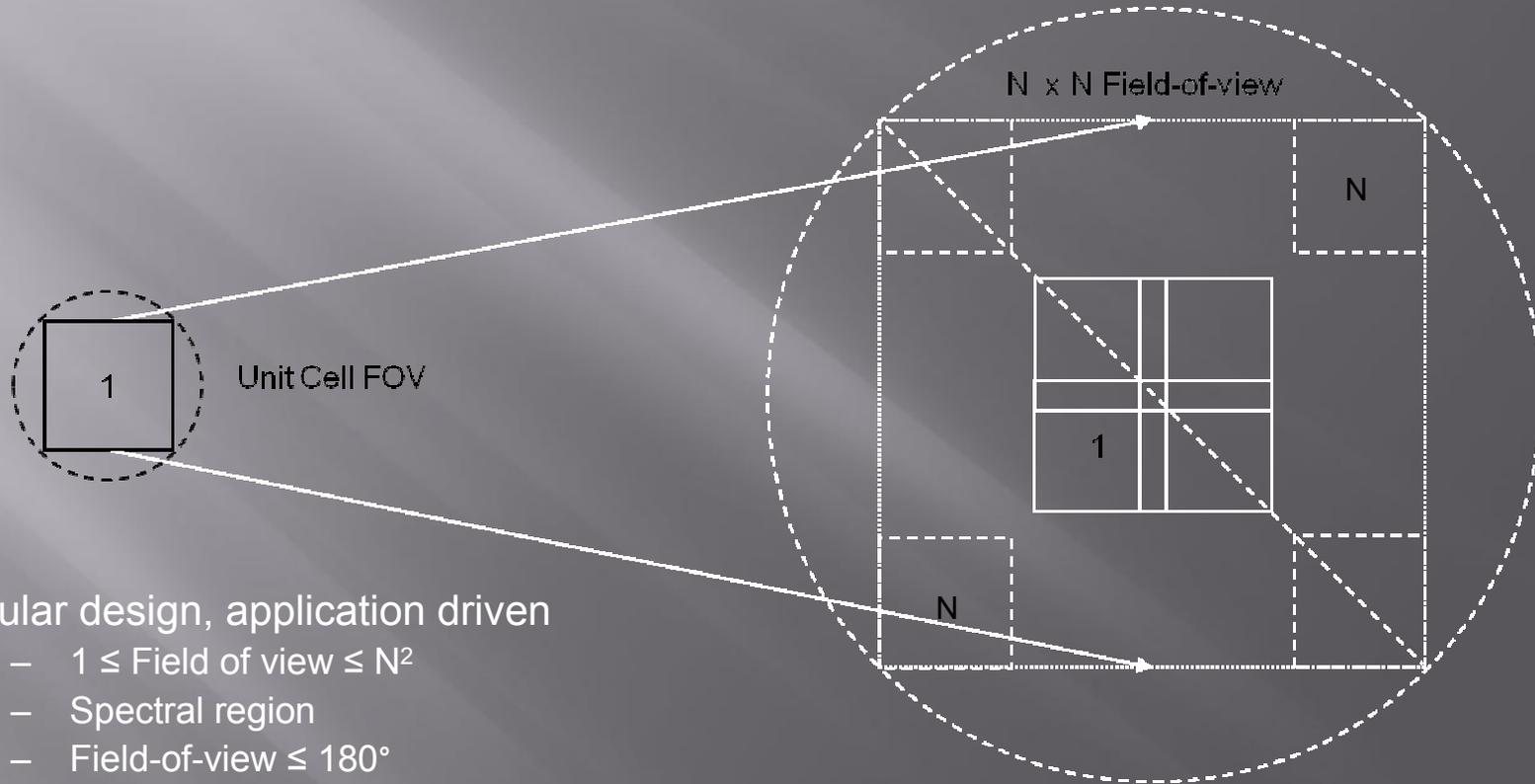
TOPICS

- ▣ A Reconfigurable FoV Camera
- ▣ High Aerial Density Camera Development
- ▣ Applications
- ▣ Future Work
- ▣ Conclusions

Optical Principles

- ▣ A unit cell optical sensor designed for application specific physical attributes
 - Spectral coverage
 - Information content
 - Linearity
 - Uniformity of response
- ▣ Replicate the unit cell N times to meet requirements
 - Total information content
 - Spatial coverage

Expand Camera Field of View

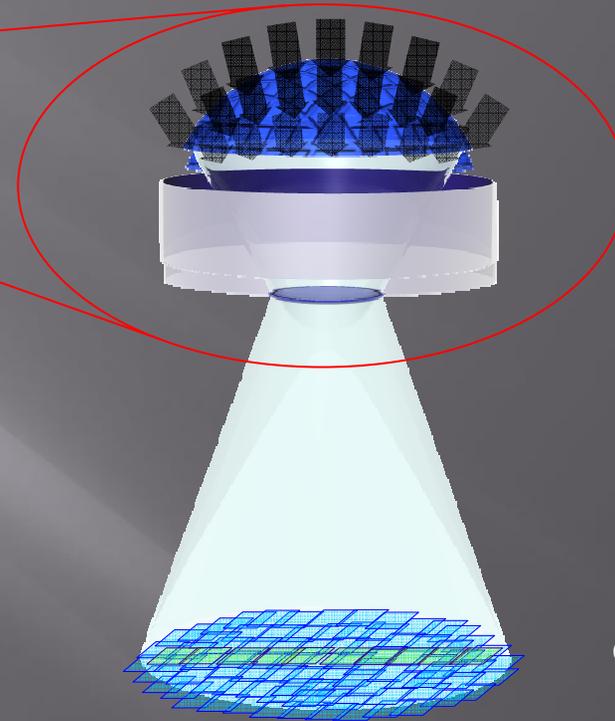
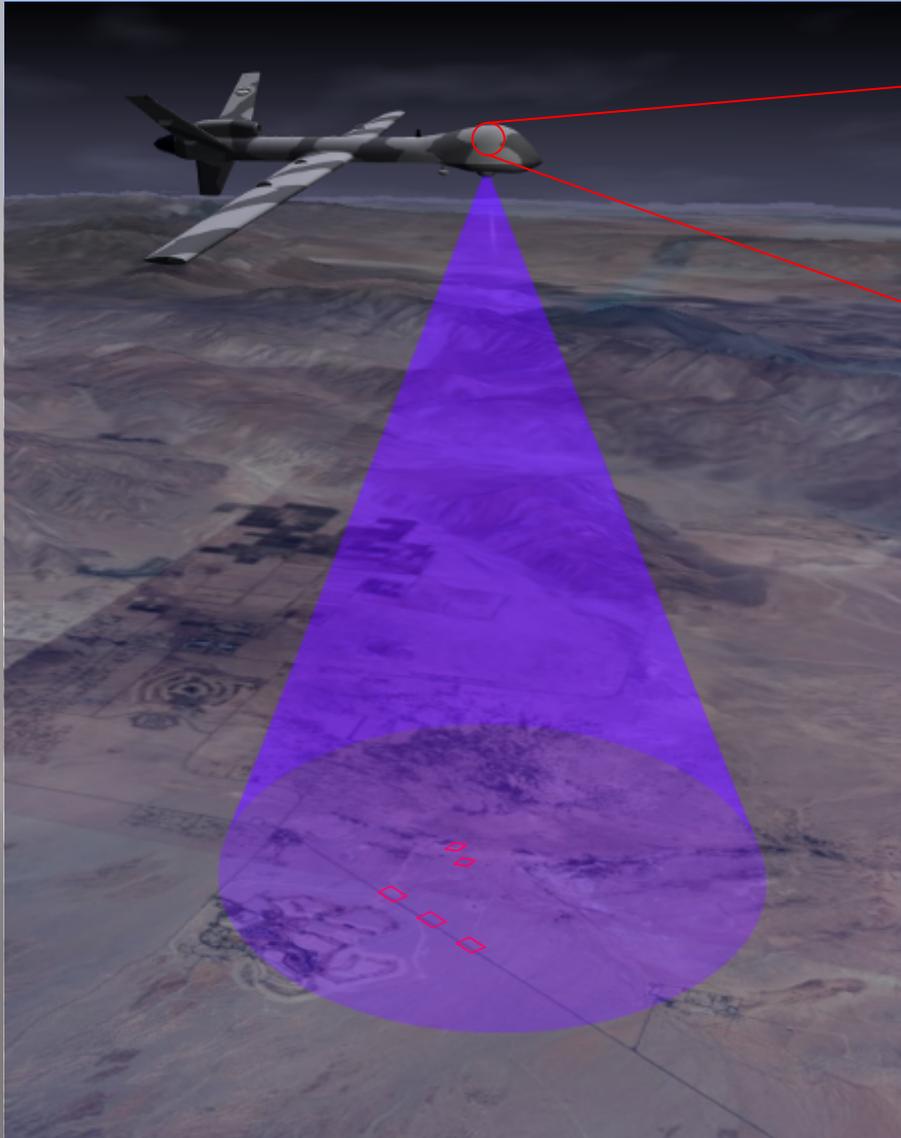


Modular design, application driven

- $1 \leq \text{Field of view} \leq N^2$
- Spectral region
- Field-of-view $\leq 180^\circ$
- Sensor-to-sensor overlap, 0 - 100%

Patent Pending

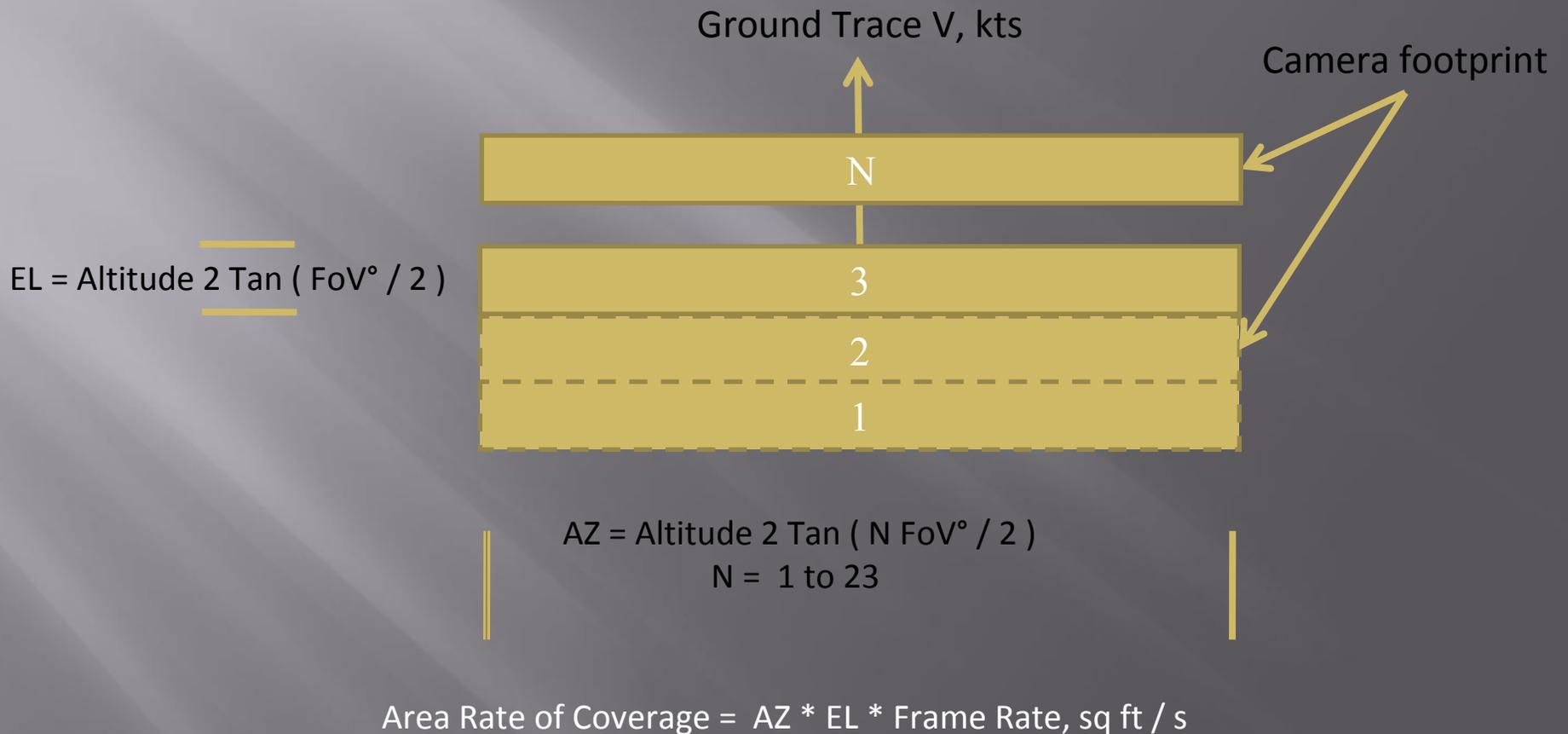
High Areal Density Camera



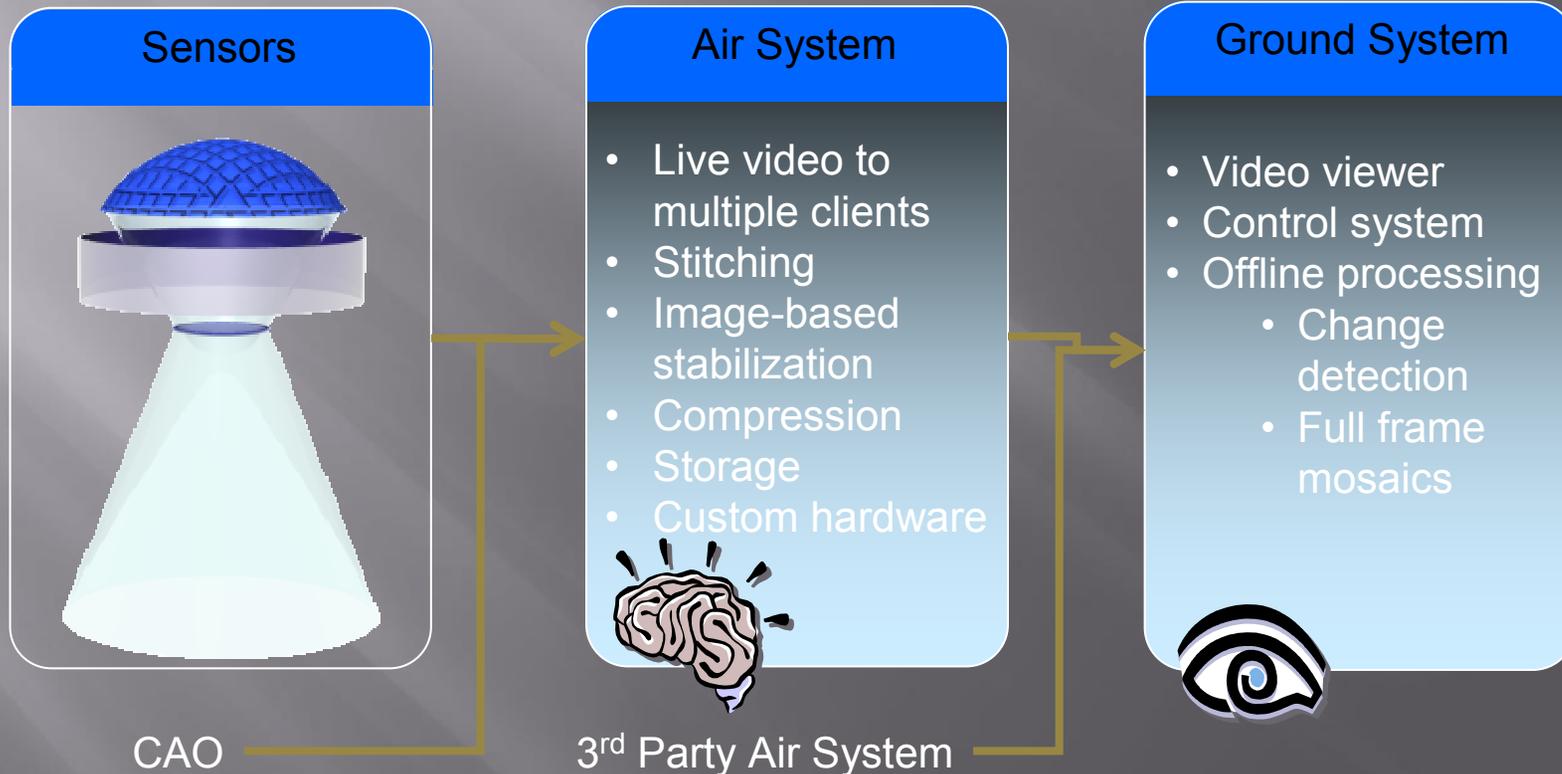
May be scaled and reconfigured to meet various coverage requirements and constraints

Near-future capability can include IR/Thermal, Object Tracking, Event Detection

Multi-spectral "Pushbroom"



The Camera System



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Development



Fully
 Operational
 Data Collections



9/18/05
 Knoxville, TN
 7.6° x 7.6°, 4 Mp

2005



3/30/06
 Milwaukee, WI
 > 21°, 29 Mp

2006



2007, 2008
 Springfield, IL – FW
 Yuma, AZ – FW & Rotary
 > 35°, 80 Mp

2007

2008

Wide FOV



High Resolution Video Camera

Springfield, IL 3500 Feet

ArguSight



76 Megapixels



5 Inch Resolution

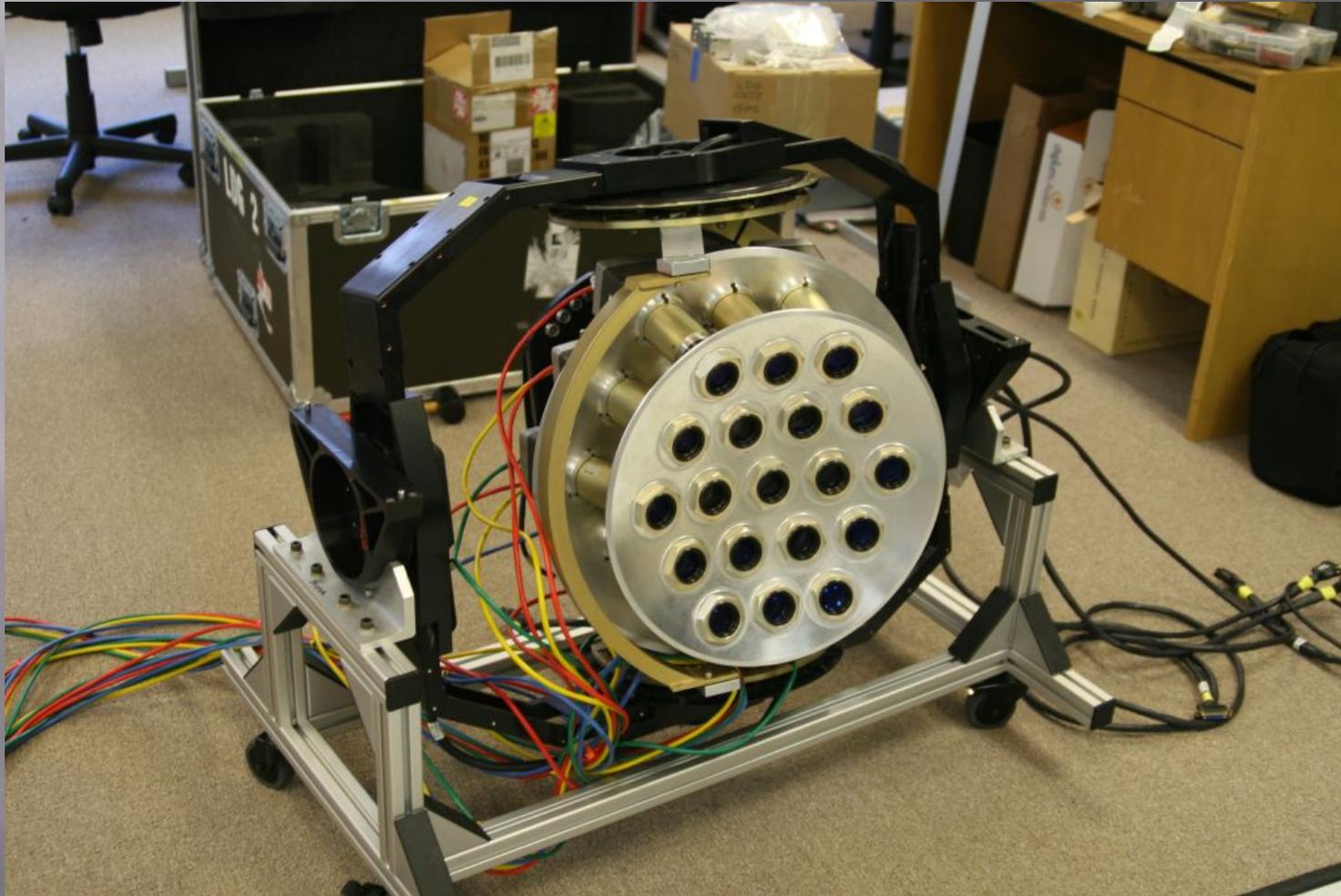
~.5 mile diameter

Helicopter, Image Stabilized w/o Gimbals

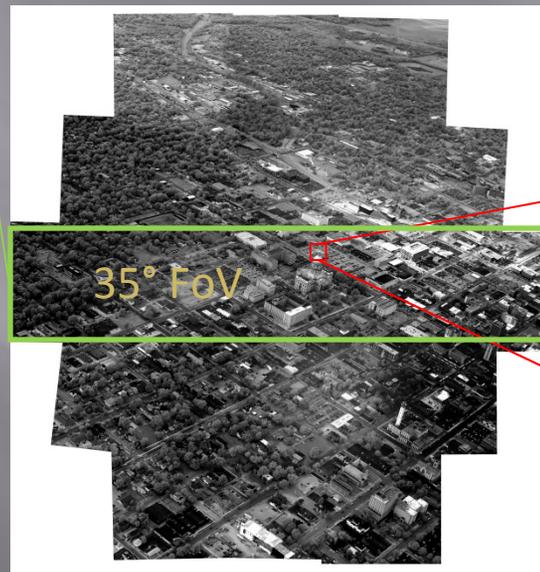


~ 1.2 mile diameter. *Note – blending not performed to highlight stitching

35° FoV, 80 Mp



Pushbroom Emulated 7.6° x 35° FoV Imagery



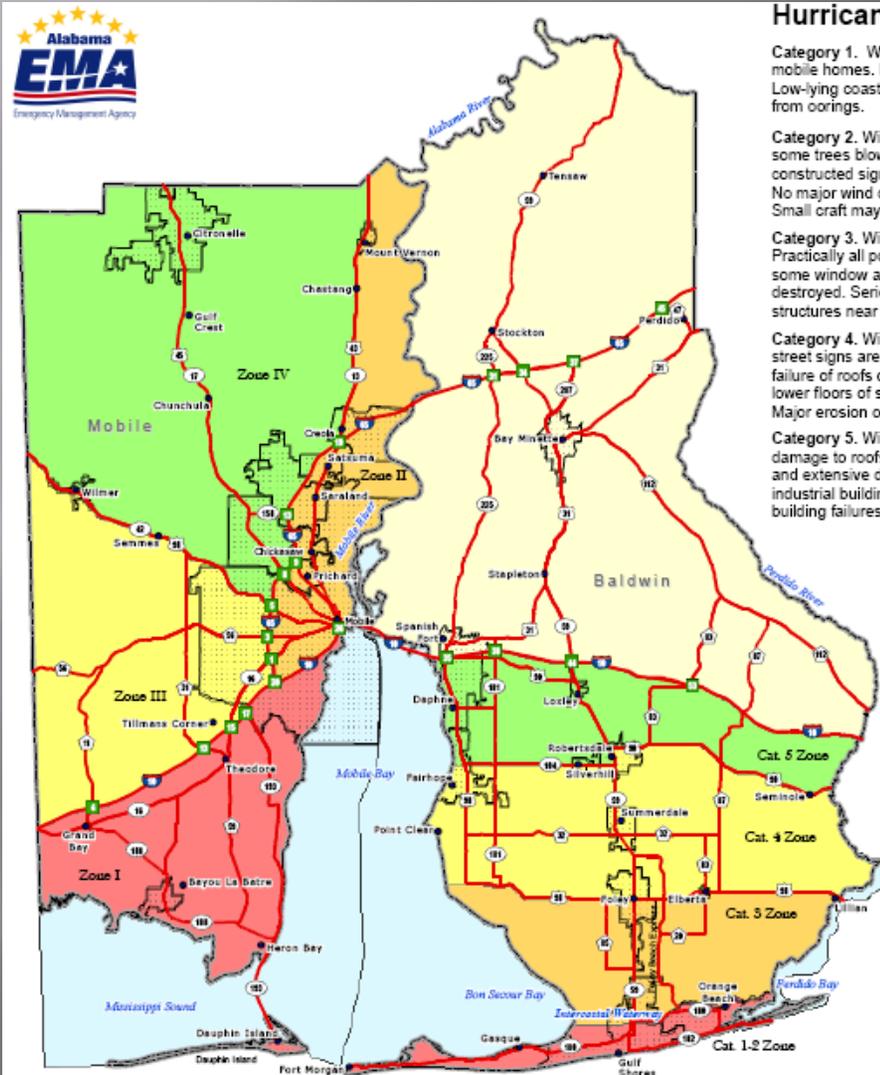
Digital Zoom, 23° off nadir

Observable Feature, Swath Width



Altitude k ft, AGL	Observable Feature Inch	Swath Width		
		Ft	Mi	M
3	2.4	1.8E+3	0.35	6.E+02
4	3.2	2.4E+3	0.46	7.E+02
5	4.0	3.1E+3	0.58	9.E+02
6	4.8	3.7E+3	0.69	1.1E+3
7	5.6	4.3E+3	0.81	1.3E+3
8	6.4	4.9E+3	0.93	1.5E+3
9	7.2	5.5E+3	1.04	1.7E+3
10	8.0	6.1E+3	1.16	1.9E+3
11	8.8	6.7E+3	1.27	2.1E+3
12	9.6	7.3E+3	1.39	2.2E+3
13	10.4	7.9E+3	1.51	2.4E+3
14	11.2	8.6E+3	1.62	2.6E+3
15	12.0	9.2E+3	1.74	2.8E+3
16	12.8	9.8E+3	1.85	3.0E+3
17	13.6	10.4E+3	1.97	3.2E+3
18	14.4	11.0E+3	2.08	3.4E+3
19	15.2	11.6E+3	2.20	3.5E+3
20	16.0	12.2E+3	2.32	3.7E+3

Image EMA Evacuation Zones in Less than a day.



Hurricane Categories

Category 1. Winds of 74 to 95 miles per hour. Some trees blown down. Major damage to mobile homes. No real wind damage to other buildings. Low-lying coastal roads inundated, minor pier damage from moorings.

Category 2. Winds of 96 to 110 miles per hour. Some trees blown down. Major damage to mobile homes. No major wind damage to buildings. Considerable damage could occur to piers. Marinas flooded. Small craft may be torn from moorings.

Category 3. Winds of 111 to 130 miles per hour. Foliage torn from trees; large trees blown down. Practically all poorly constructed signs blown down. Some damage to roofing materials of buildings; some window and door damage. Mobile homes destroyed. Serious flooding at coast and many smaller structures near coast destroyed; larger structures near coast damaged by battering waves and floating debris.

Category 4. Winds of 131 to 155 miles per hour. Many shrubs and trees are blown down and most street signs are damaged. Extensive damage to roofing materials, windows, and doors. Complete failure of roofs on many small residences. Complete destruction of mobile homes. Major damage to lower floors of structures near shore due to flooding and battering by waves and floating debris. Major erosion of beaches.

Category 5. Winds greater than 155 miles per hour. Shrubs and trees are blown down; considerable damage to roofs of buildings and all signs are damaged or destroyed. There would be very severe and extensive damage to windows and doors. Complete failure of roofs on many residences and industrial buildings. Extensive shattering of glass in windows and doors would occur. Some complete building failures. Small buildings overturned or blown away. Complete destruction of mobile homes.



Hurricane Evacuation Zones

Mobile

Zone I

South of Interstate 10

Zone II

North of Interstate 10
 East of Interstate 65
 East of US 43

Zone III

North of Interstate 10
 South of US 98
 West of Interstate 65

Zone IV

North of US 98
 West of Interstate 65
 West of US 43

Baldwin

Category 1-2 Zone

South of Intercoastal Waterway

Category 3 Zone

South of US Highway 98

Category 4 Zone

South of State Route 104
 East of State Route 59
 from AL-104 north to US-90
 South of US Highway 90

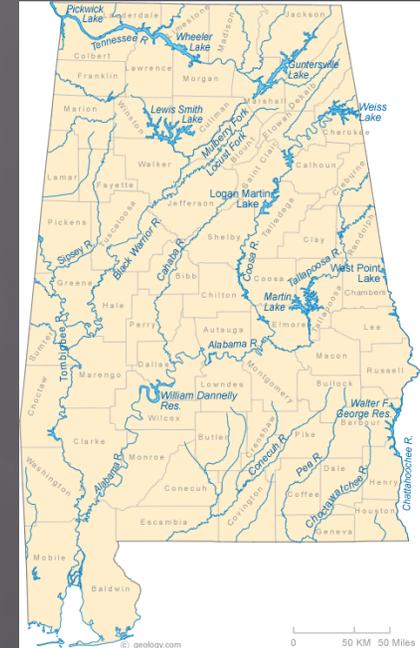
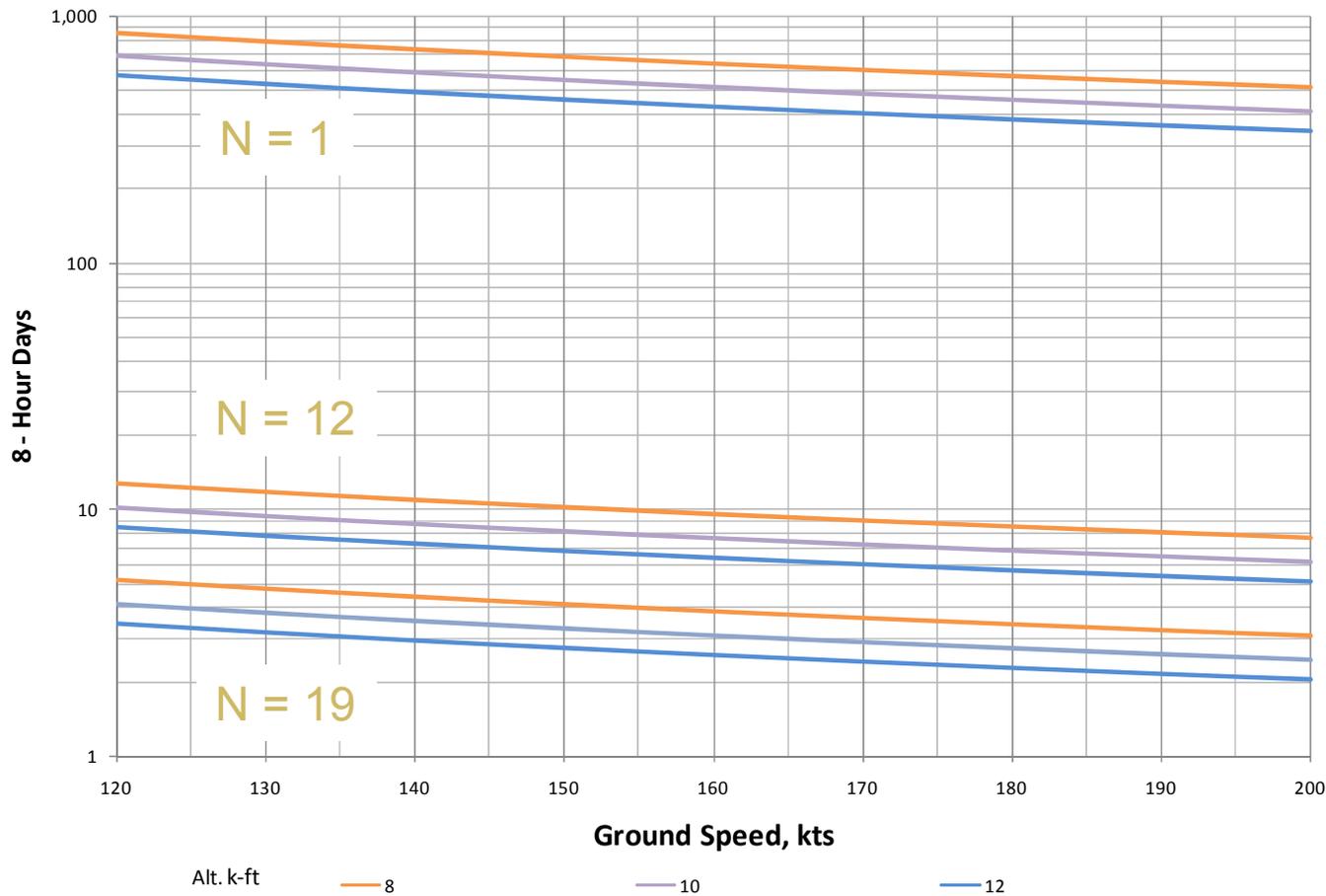
Category 5 Zone

South of Interstate 10

Image Entire State in Days not Years



1 x 1 vs: 1 x N sensors



State Area = 52,423 Sq miles
 Camera = 7.6 ° x N
 Endlap = 50%
 Overlap = 30%
 Array overlap = 10%
 Swath Width = 0.4, 6.4, 15.7 km

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Stationary or In Motion

Disaster
Response



Border
Security



Critical
Infrastructure



Port
Security



Special
Security
Events



Counter
Terrorism



Multiple Platforms



Fixed Wing



UAV



UAV



Rotary Wing



Air Ship

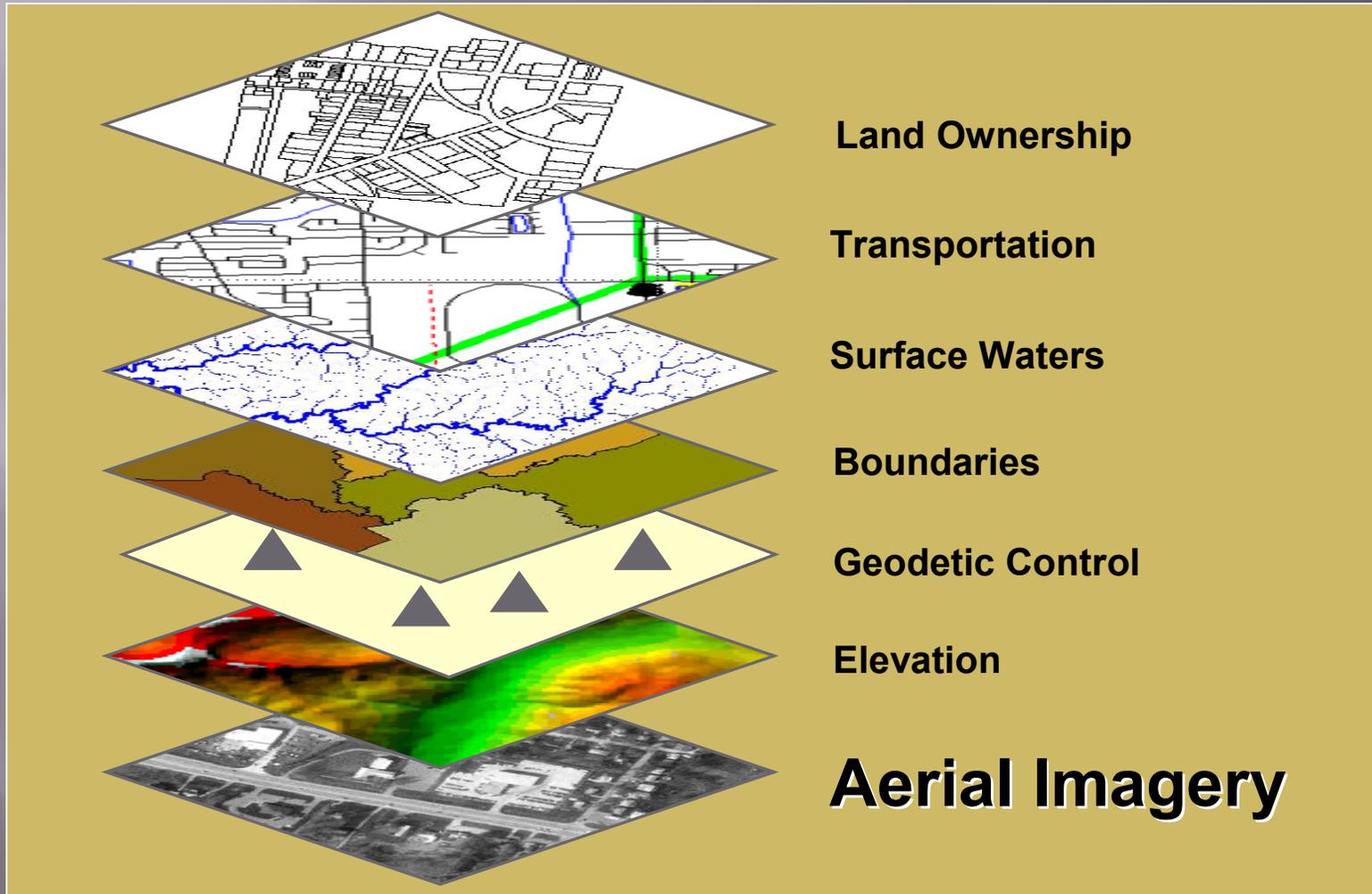


Aerostat

Potential Benefactors

- ▣ Department of Revenue
- ▣ Department of Transportation
- ▣ Department of Economic and Community Affairs
- ▣ FEMA and State Emergency Management
- ▣ Environmental Management
- ▣ Conservation and Natural Resources
- ▣ Department of Finance
- ▣ Regional Development Councils
- ▣ U.S. and State Geological Survey
- ▣ U.S. and State Department of Agriculture
- ▣ U.S. and State Department of Homeland Security

GIS Input



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Continue Development

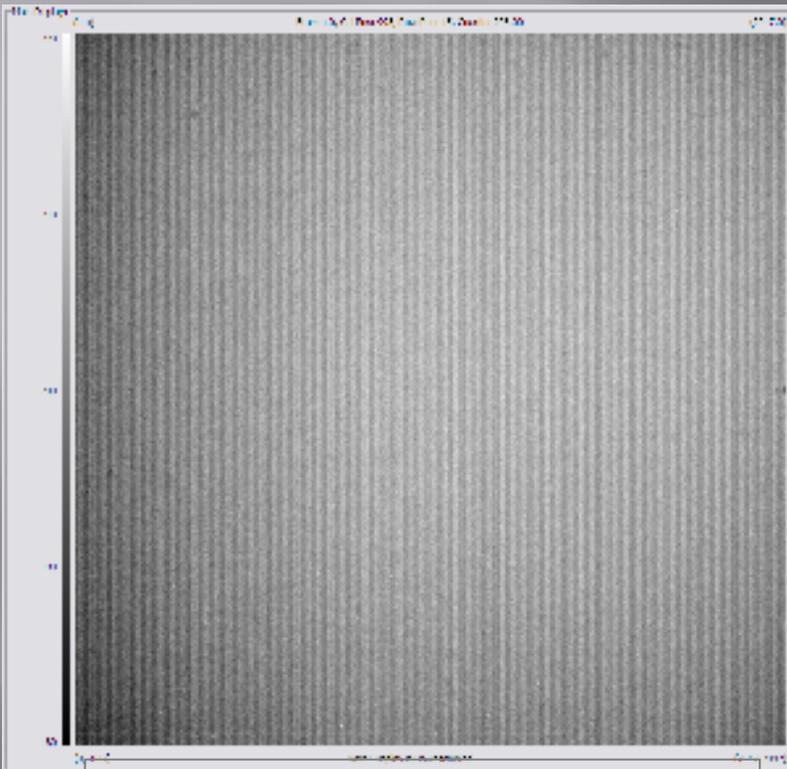
- ▣ Local Flight Demonstration
- ▣ Miniaturize Camera
- ▣ Incorporate color
- ▣ Calibrate Camera
- ▣ Tailor functionality to specific requirements.

Remove Correlated Errors

- ▣ GIS Compatibility
- ▣ Mapping Linearity Uncertainty $1-\sigma$, $\mu\text{r-Hz}^{-1/2}$
 - Corrected, $35 \mu\text{r}$
 - Uncorrected, $55 \mu\text{r}$
- ▣ Data non-uniformity, Precision $1-\sigma$
 - Corrected, 3%
 - Uncorrected, 11%
- ▣ Data SI Traceability pending complete calibration.

Non-Uniformity Correction

NUC applied pixel-by-pixel to “middle” level frame (frm_01284.pgm)
Middle is in quotes because its statistical characteristics are actually very near the high level file



frm_01284.pgm –NUC Not Applied
Color scale: 180-220 counts
Over Full Array - Mean: 204.23 Stdev: 4.43

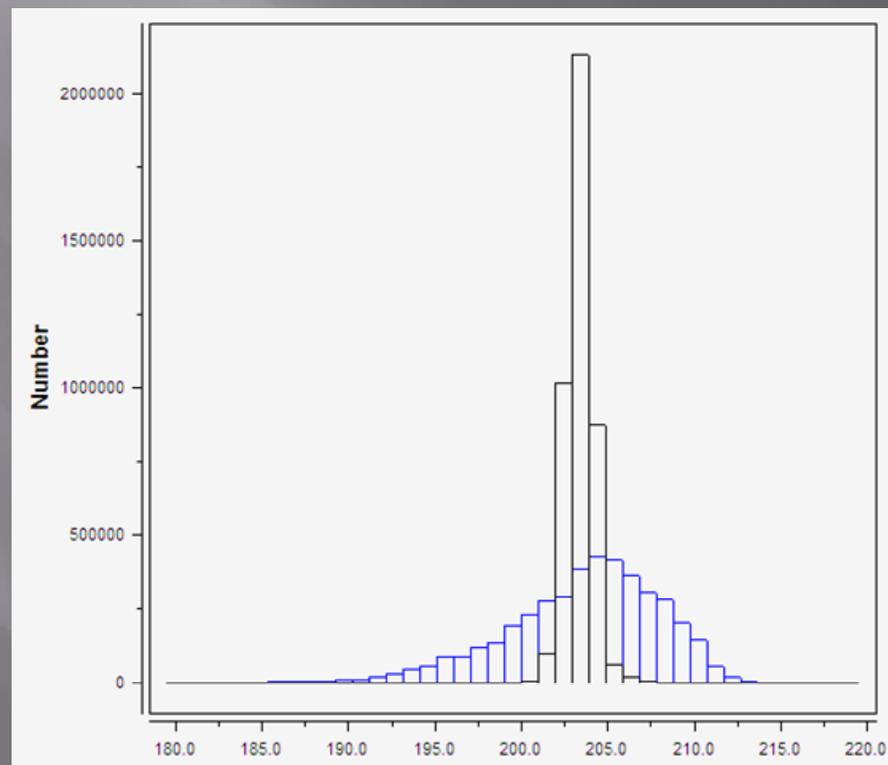


frm_01284.pgm –NUC Is Applied
Color scale: 180-220 counts
Over Full Array - Mean: 204.23 Stdev: 0.79

Note the 82% reduction in the standard deviation

“Before and After” Comparison

Histograms full array. Blue: w/o NUC, Black: w / NUC Applied
NUC applied pixel-by-pixel to “middle” level frame (frm_01284.pgm)



Without NUC - Mean: 204.23 Stdev: 4.43
With NUC - Mean: 204.23 Stdev: 0.79



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Conclusion

- ▣ A respected team of Corporate, State and University personnel are contributing to the development.
- ▣ Correlated errors correctable.
- ▣ Versatile, accurate and supports multiple applications.
- ▣ Information content uniform .
- ▣ Large areas mapped in days instead of years.

Acknowledgements



- ▣ The Alabama Department of Economic and Community Affairs
- ▣ Frontier Technology Incorporated